

Plan for repairs and **safety** improvements

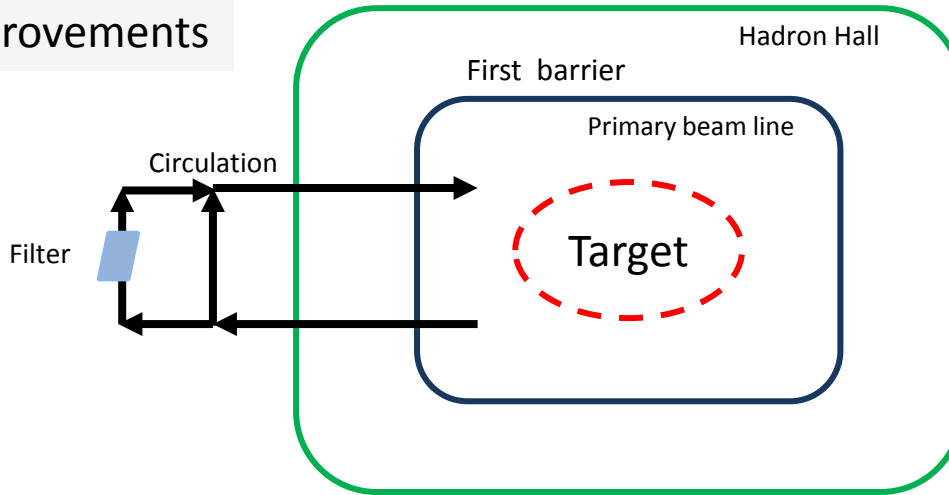
September 25, 2013

Shin'ya Sawada

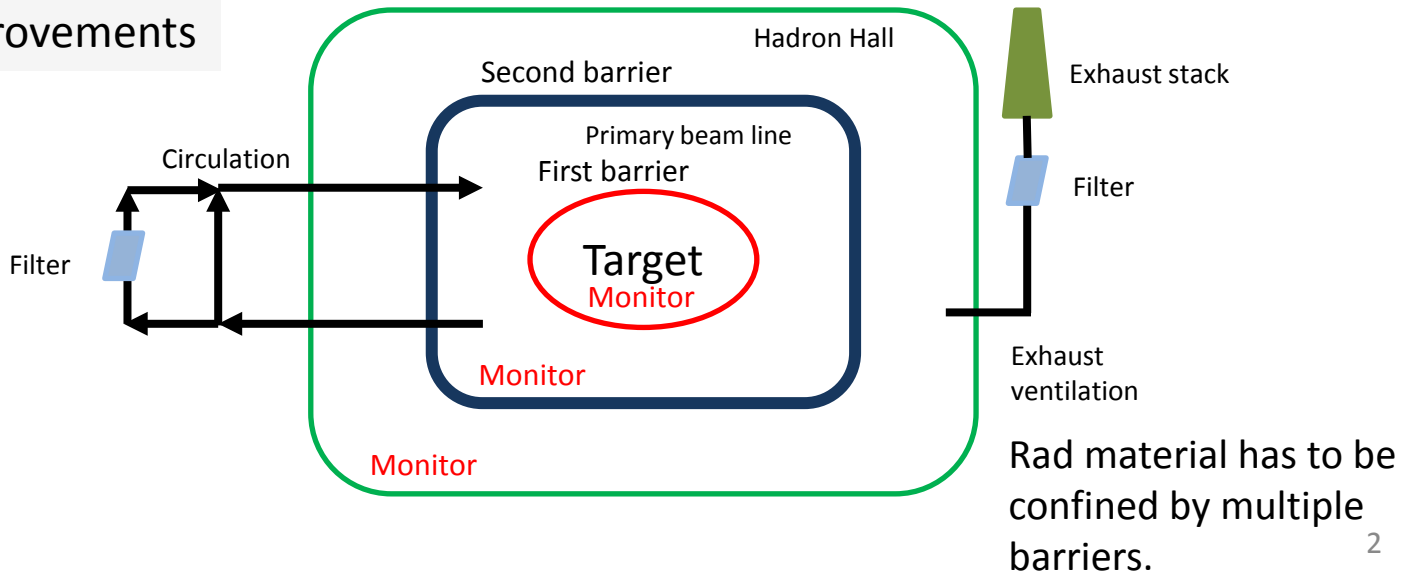
Particle and Nuclear Physics Division,
J-PARC

Concept of the improvements

Before the improvements



After the improvements



List of items of safety improvements

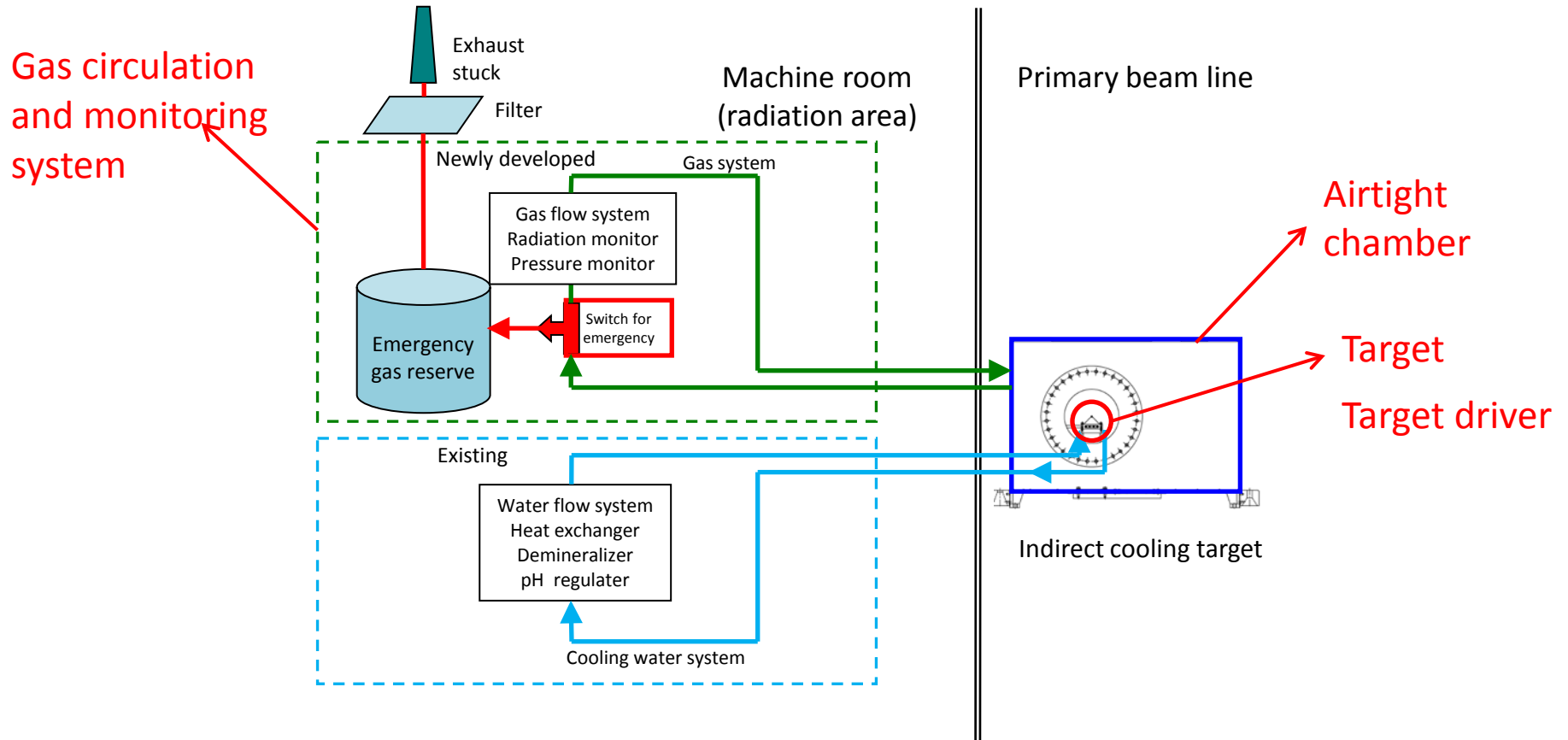
- ◆ Target system :
 - Building an airtight target chamber
 - Building a gas circulation system and its monitor system
 - Improving the target monitor system
 - Target displacement during accelerator commissioning (target driver)
- ◆ Primary beam line :
 - Improving airtightness of the upper shielding
 - Improving airtightness of the exits to secondary beam lines
 - Improving airtightness of the cable passthroughs
 - Building radiation monitoring
- ◆ Hadron Hall :
 - Constructing controlled exhaust system
 - Contamination check at the gateways
 - Improving radiation monitoring
- ◆ Common recognition of radiation-related information
 - Improving the whole radiation monitoring and information sharing system

Endorsed by external committees
(the External Expert Panel, NRA,
a prefectural committee)

Target System

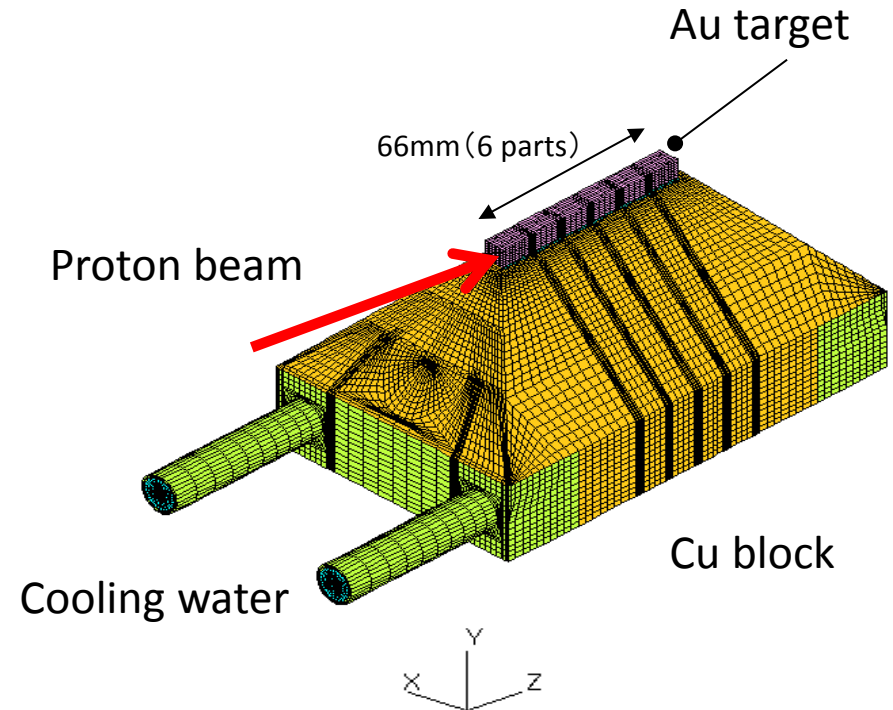
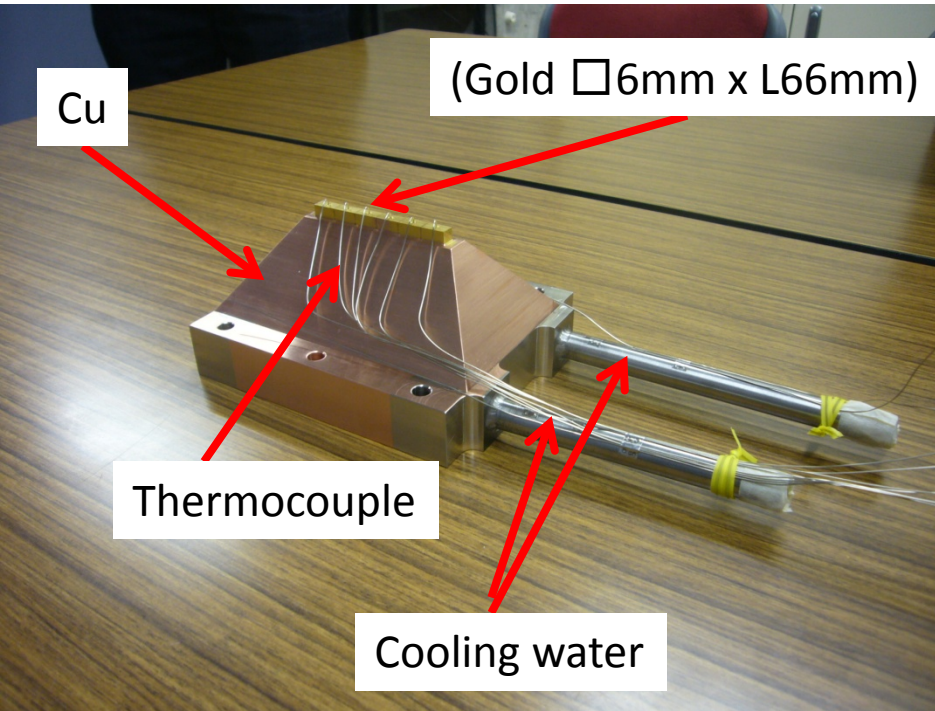
- Building an airtight target chamber
- Building a gas circulation system and its monitor system
- Improving the target monitor system
- Target displacement during accelerator commissioning (target driver)

Scheme



Target

Present gold target



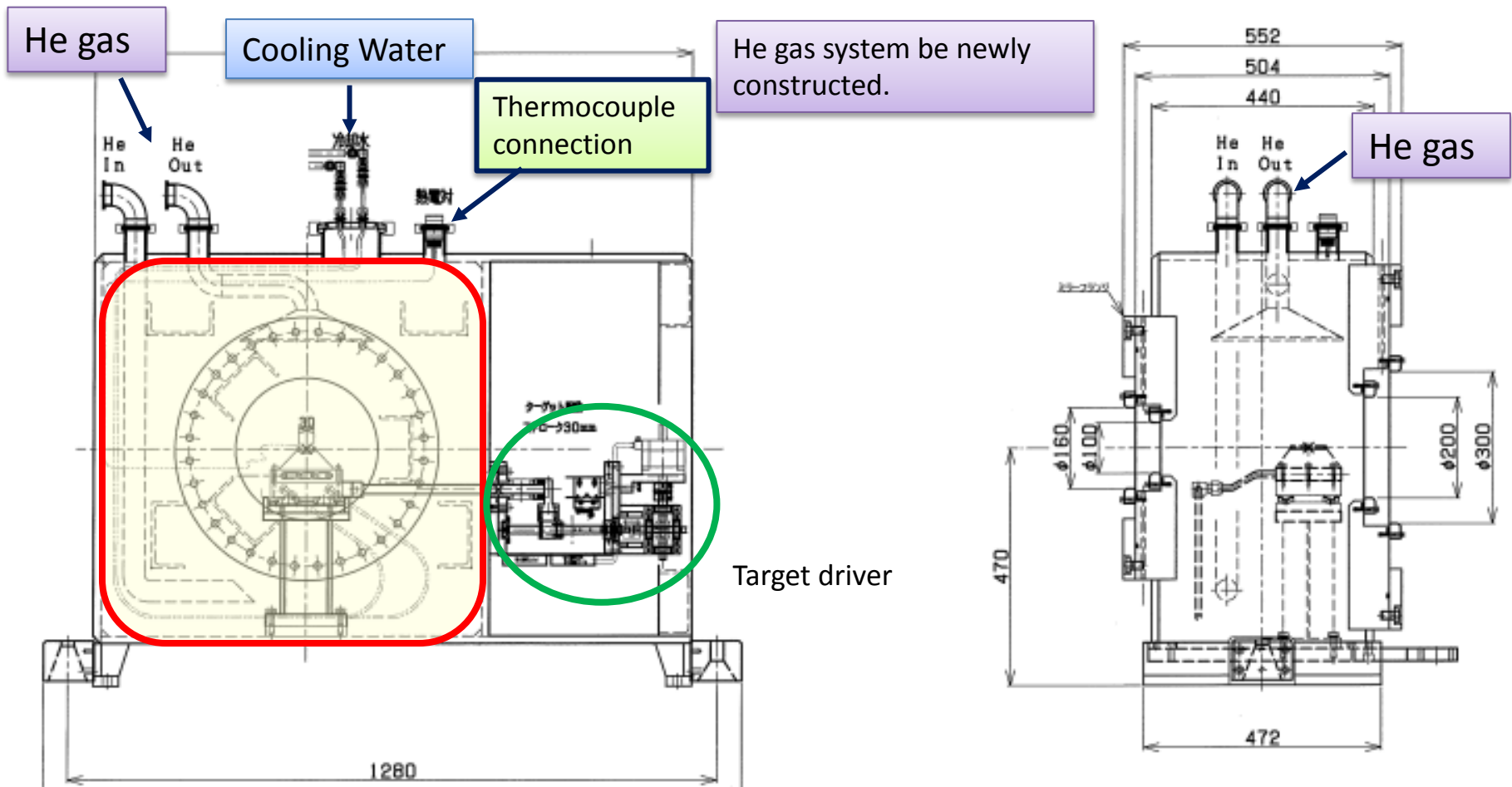
Issues to be studied:

1. Material (Au, Pt, W, ...)
2. Shape and position of the cooling water pipes
→ Appropriate beam power should be determined according to calculation of thermal stress

Plan

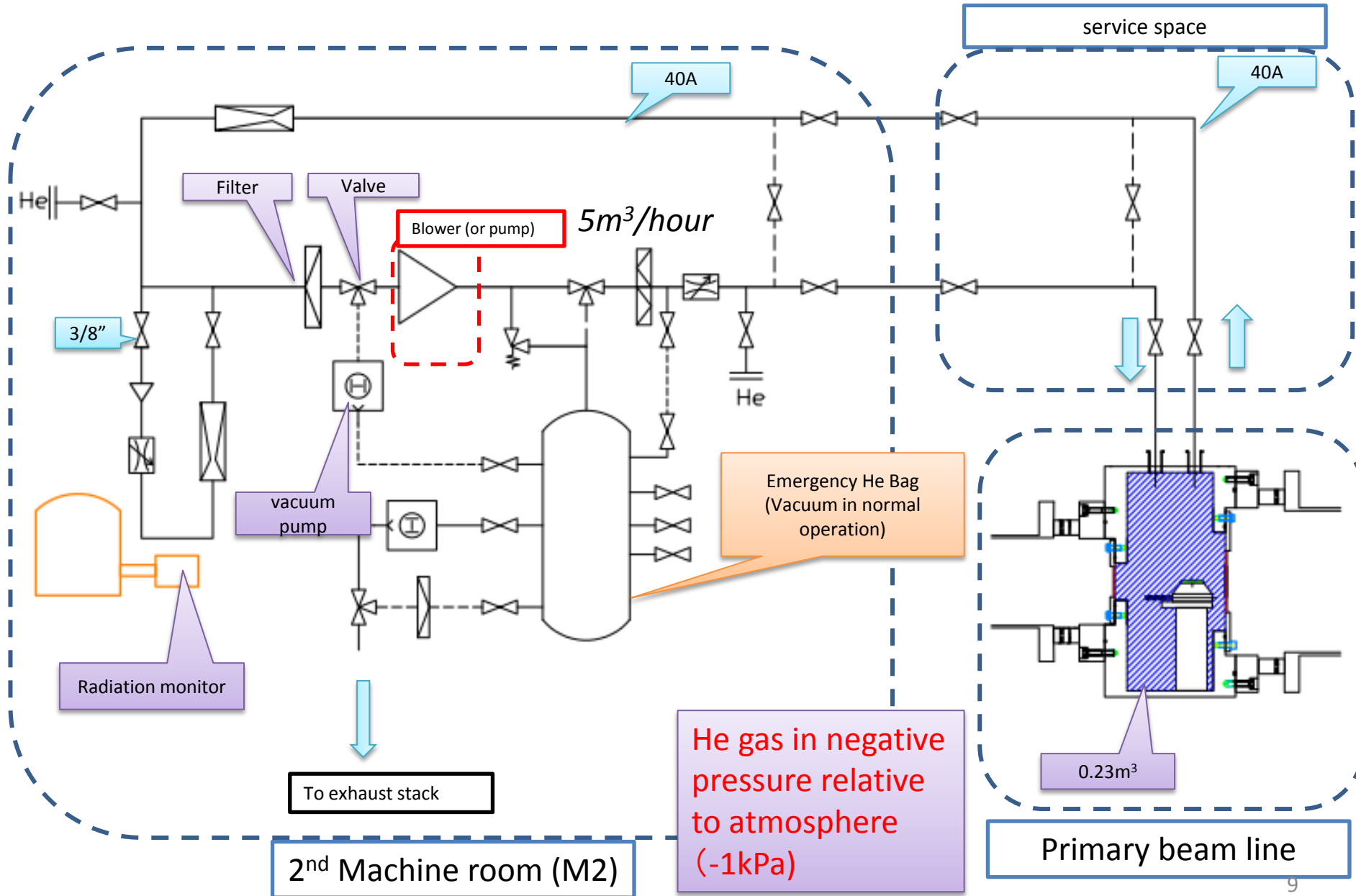
- Details of the new target will be fixed in the near future.
 - Target material
 - Detailed shape
 - Upper limit of the beam power
- Future
 - Present type of the target (indirect water cooling) will be replaced by a more robust target (direct water cooling assumed).
 - R&D is necessary for a more robust target and we expect it will be available around 2016.

Target chamber (under developing)

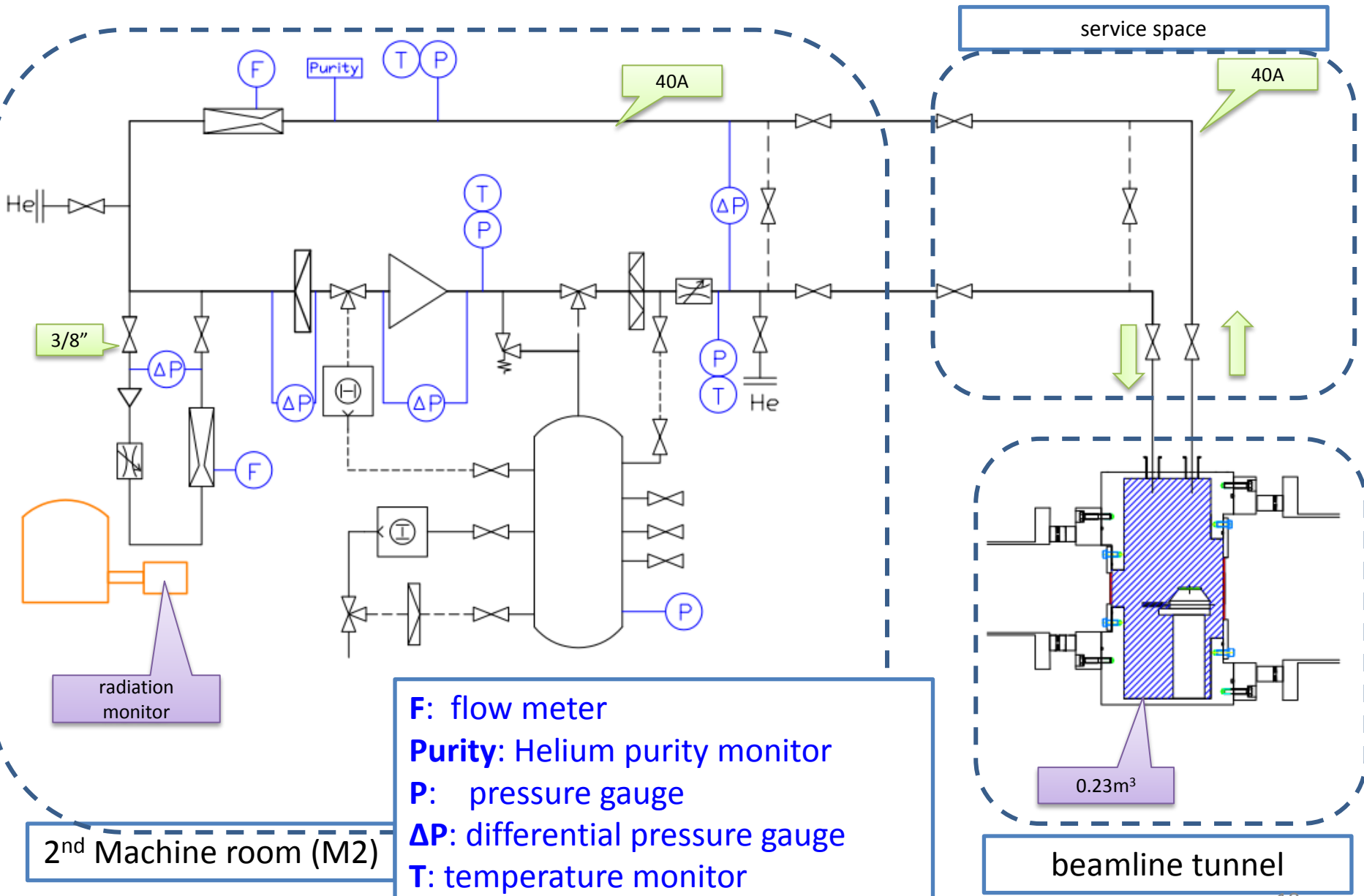


Airtightness of the chamber body is ensured by seal welding.
Airtightness of connection points for piping is secured by a metal gasket.
He leakage rate at each point is estimated as $< 1.3E-10 \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{m}^3/\text{sec}$

Helium circulation system



Gas monitors



F: flow meter
Purity: Helium purity monitor
P: pressure gauge
ΔP: differential pressure gauge
T: temperature monitor

2nd Machine room (M2)

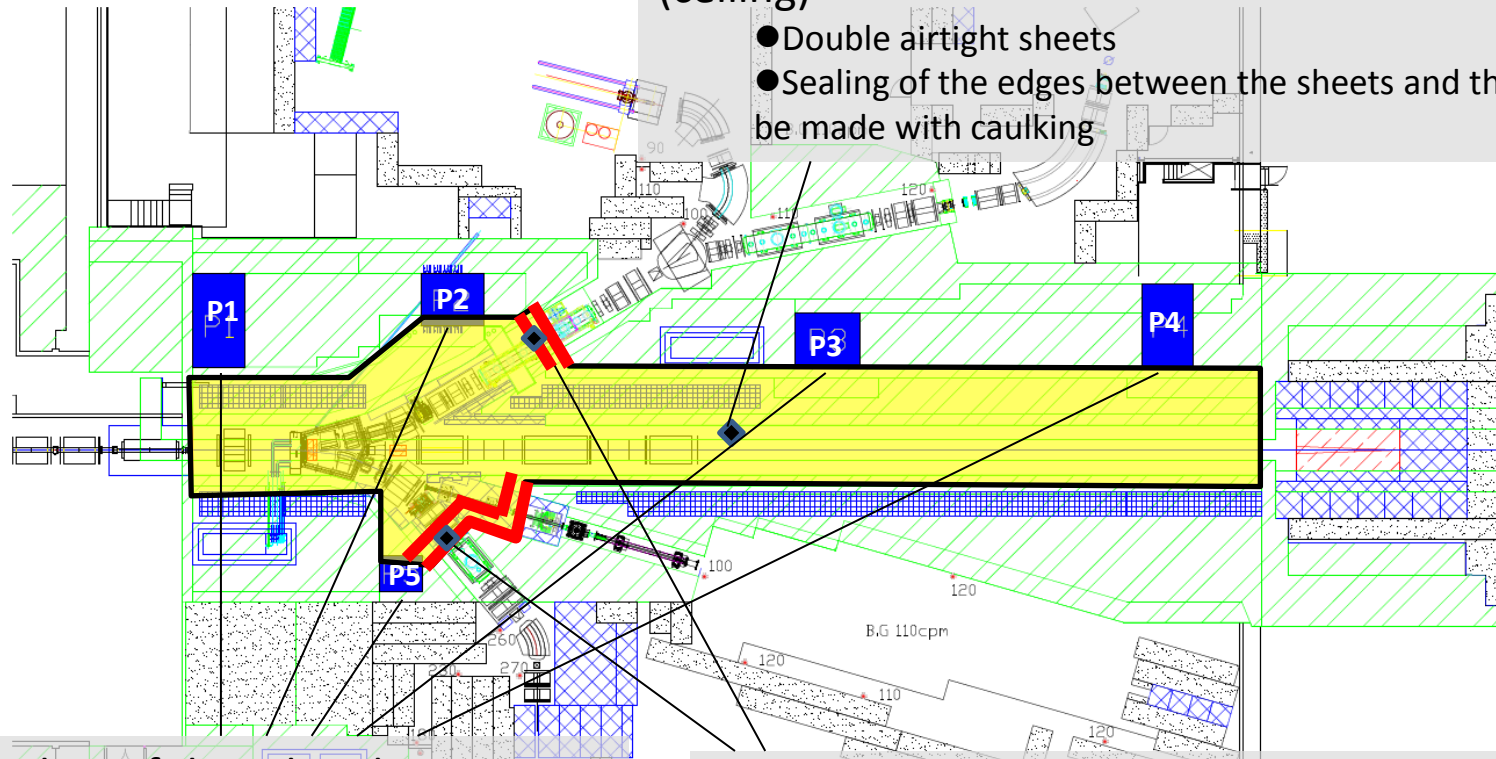
beamline tunnel

Primary beam line

- Improving airtightness of the upper shielding
- Improving airtightness of the exits to secondary beam lines
- Improving airtightness of the cable passthroughs
- Building radiation monitoring

Scheme

- Hadron Hall



◆ Improving airtightness of the upper shielding (ceiling)

- Double airtight sheets
- Sealing of the edges between the sheets and the walls be made with caulking

◆ Sealing of the edges between the sheets and the walls be made with caulking

- Strengthening seals of gaps and cable exits

◆ Improving airtightness of the exits to secondary beam lines

- Double air-partitions
- Sealing of the edges with caulking

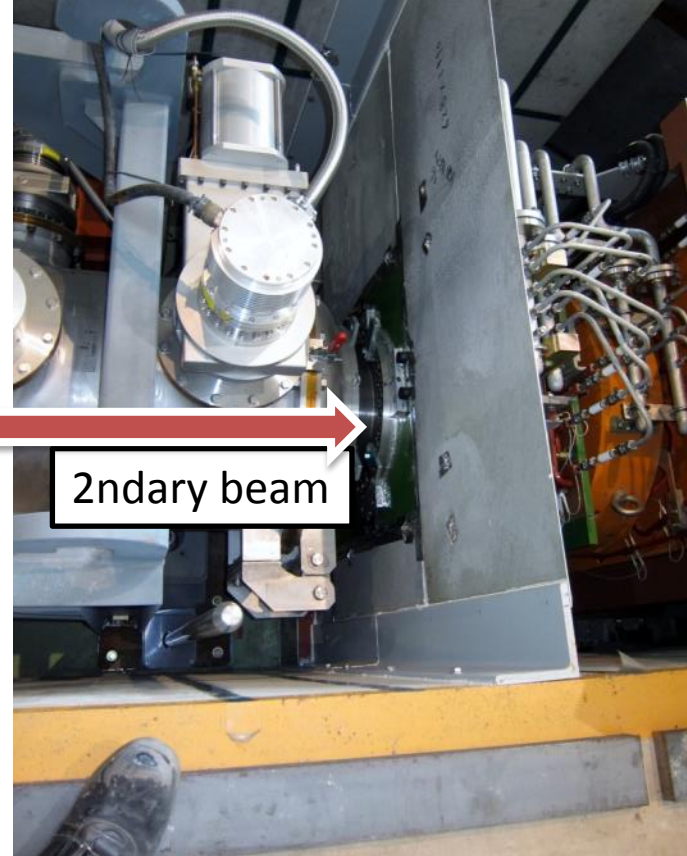
(mostly single-layered) Air sealing as of today.

The ceiling of the primary beam line as of today



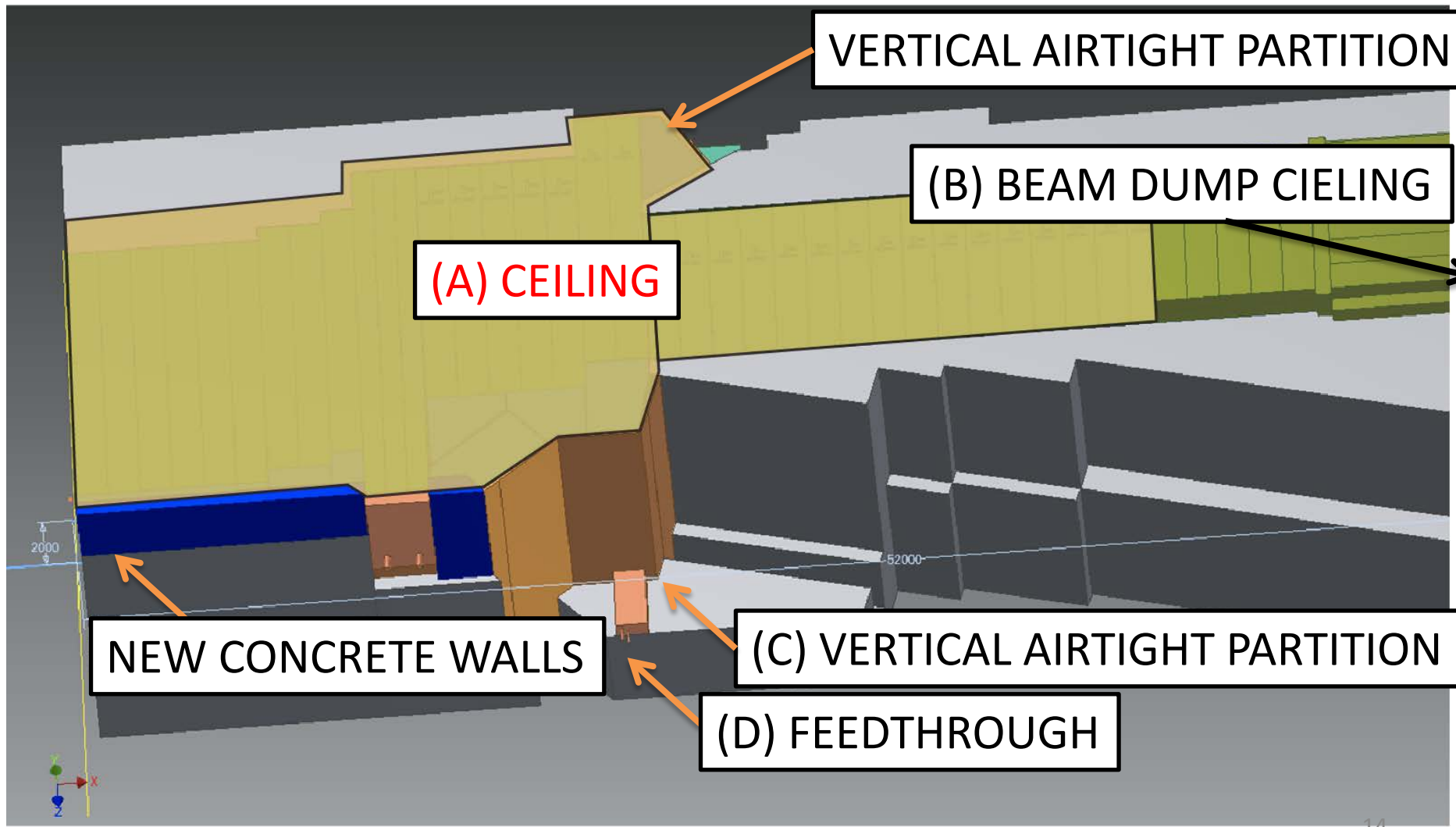
Primary proton beam

Single-layered airtight partition where 2ndary beam line passes through.



2ndary beam

We double the airtight layers to improve the air sealing of the primary beam line area.



VERTICAL AIRTIGHT PARTITION

(B) BEAM DUMP CIELING

(A) CEILING

NEW CONCRETE WALLS

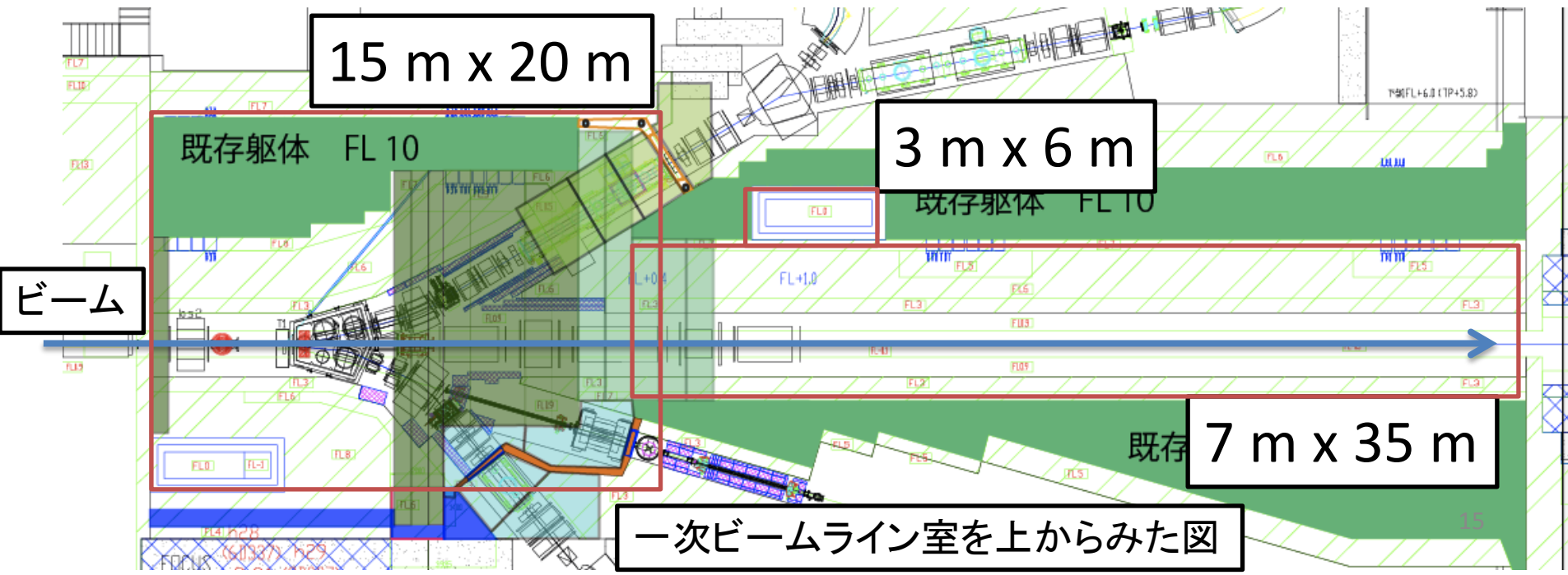
(C) VERTICAL AIRTIGHT PARTITION

(D) FEEDTHROUGH

Gas Barrier Sheets

EVAL (a *kuraray* product)

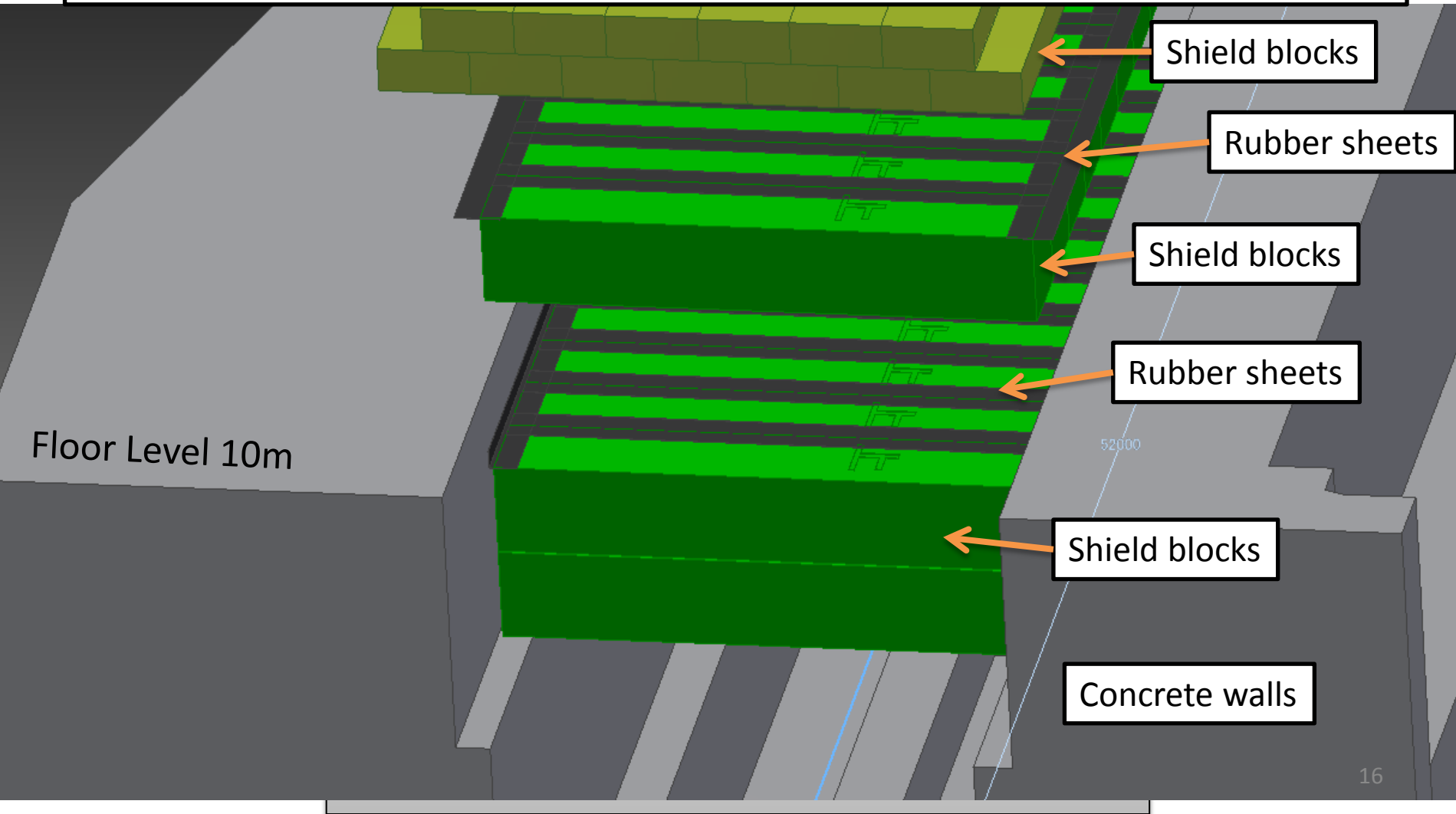
- Superior Gas barrier property
- Can produce quite large sheets.
- **We can minimize the number of joints** which are the primary causes of air leak.



CEILING (as of today)

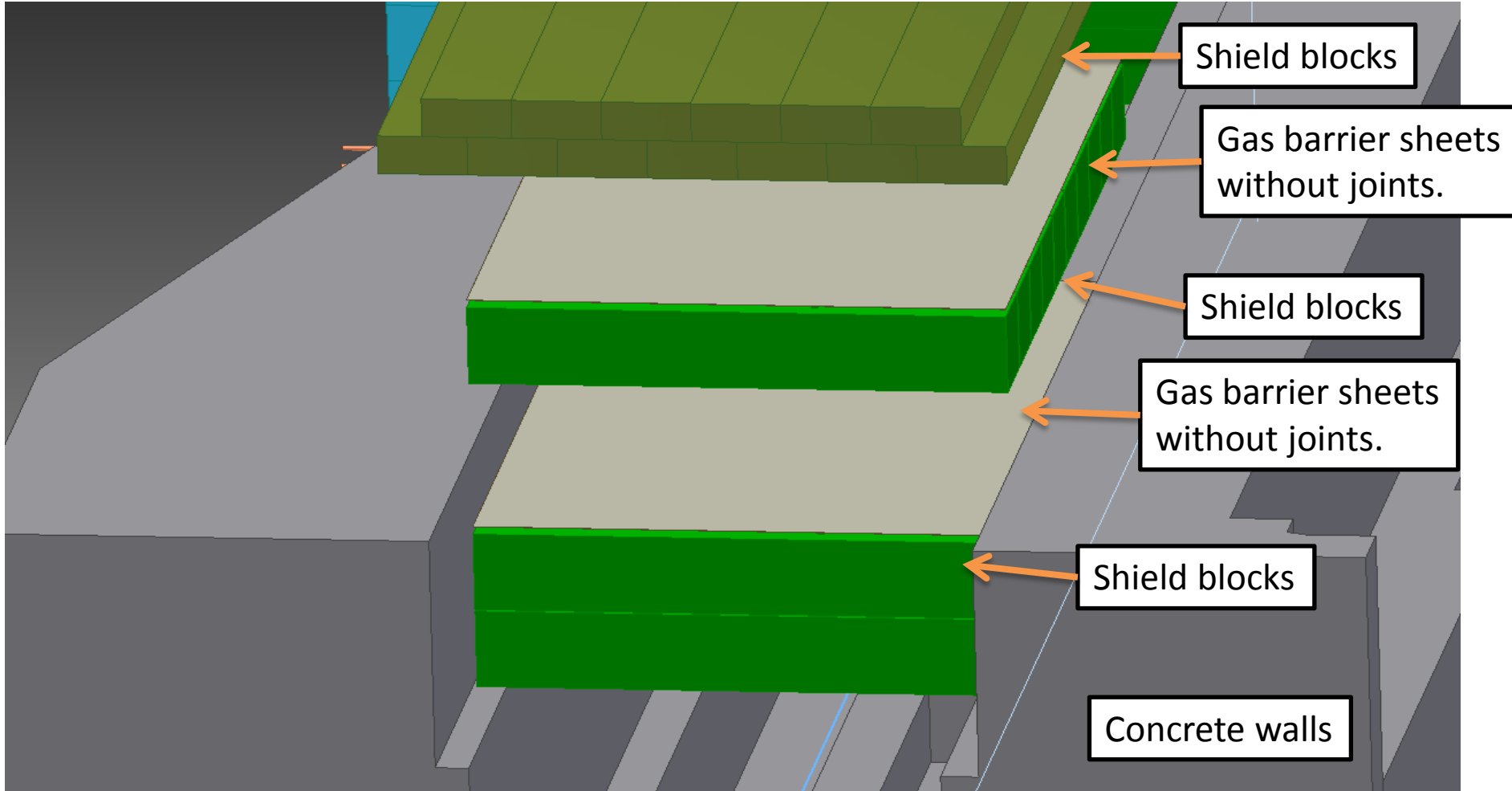
Place rubber sheets along with the edges of the shield blocks.

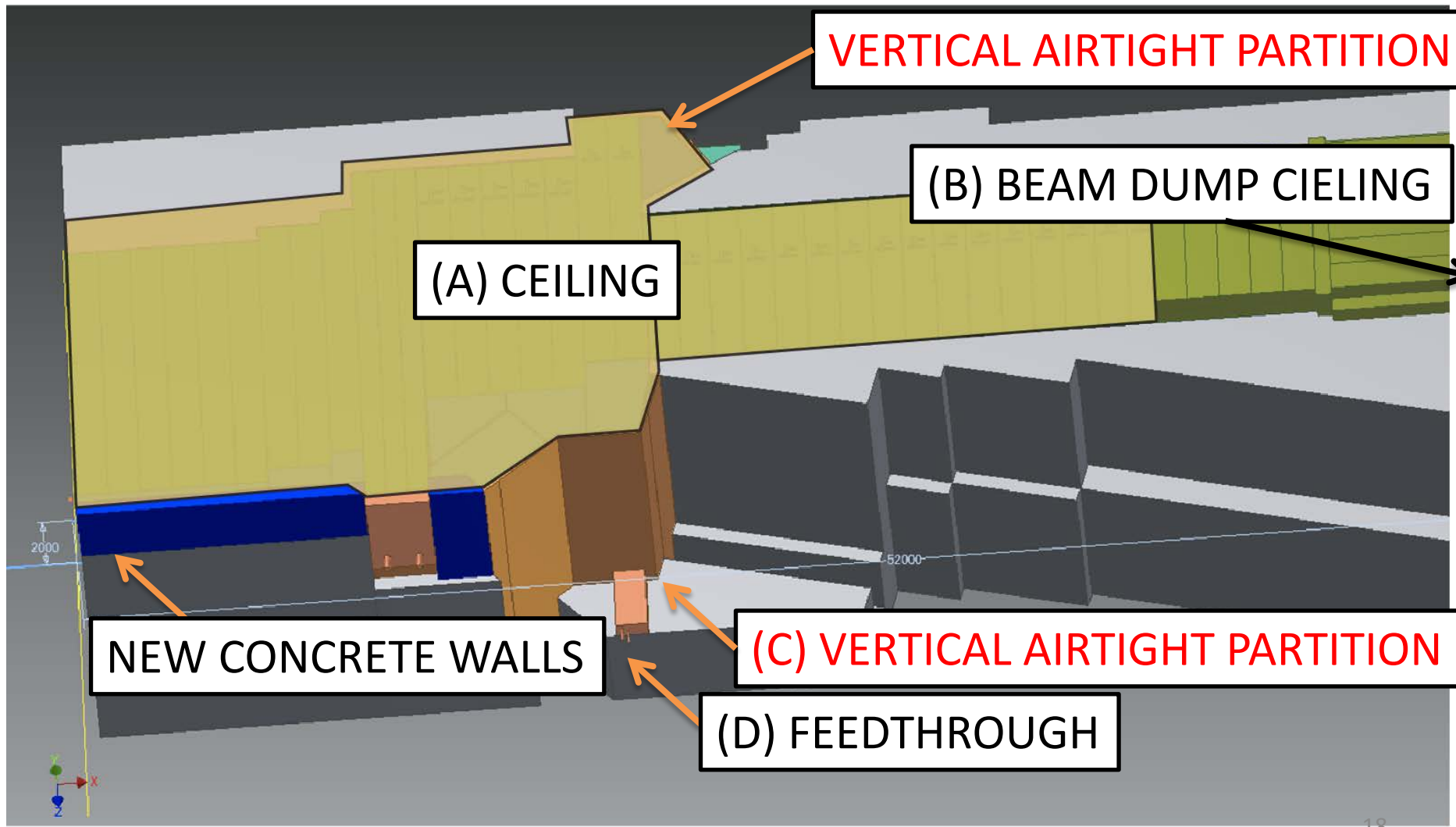
→ Too many joints.



CEILING after safety improvements

Cover it with a large sheet → the number of joints is minimum





VERTICAL AIRTIGHT PARTITION

(B) BEAM DUMP CIELING

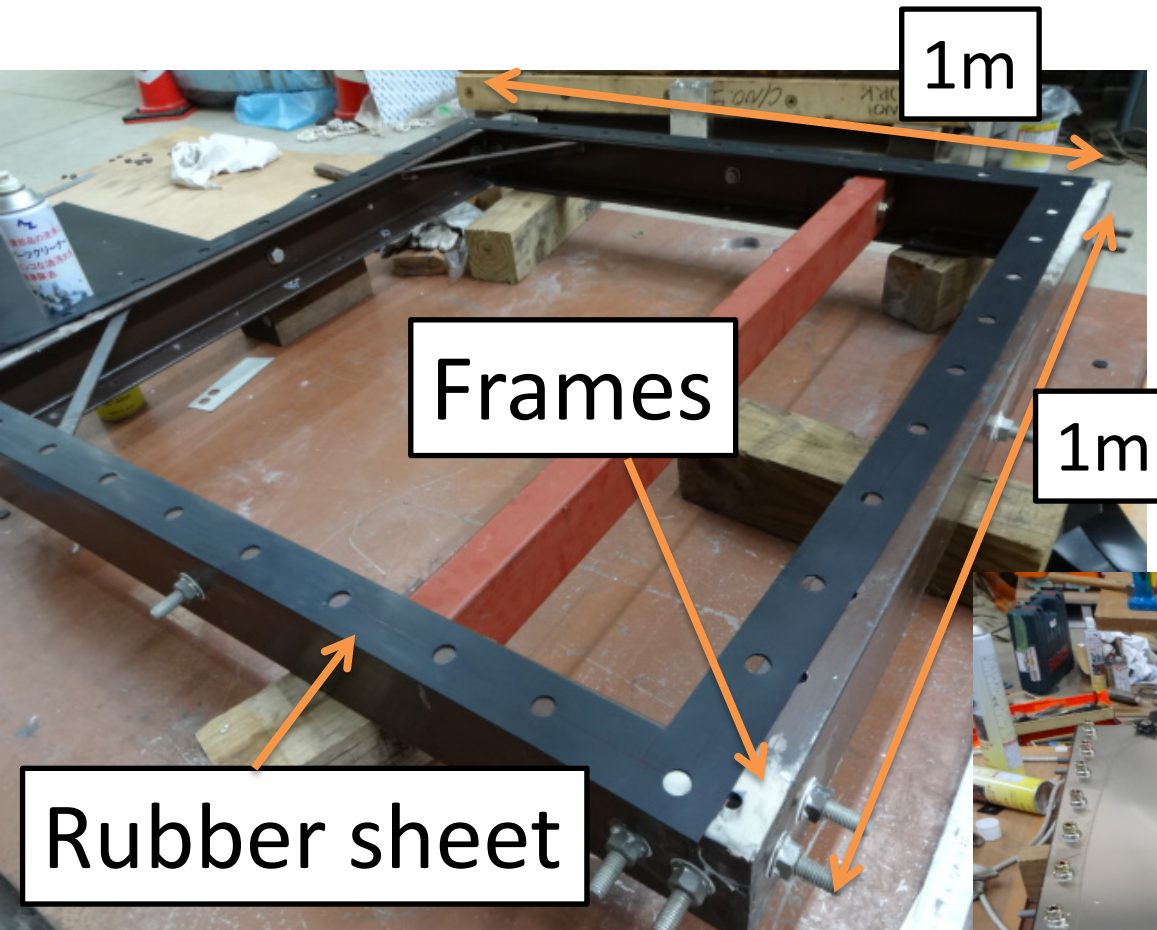
(A) CEILING

NEW CONCRETE WALLS

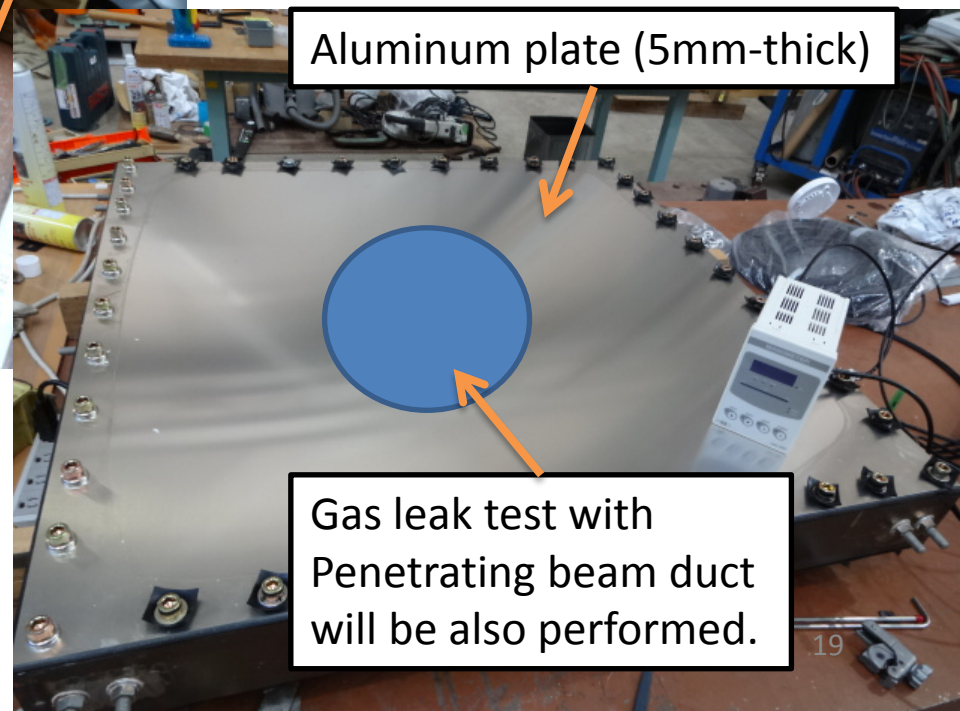
(C) VERTICAL AIRTIGHT PARTITION

(D) FEEDTHROUGH

Prototype of airtight partition

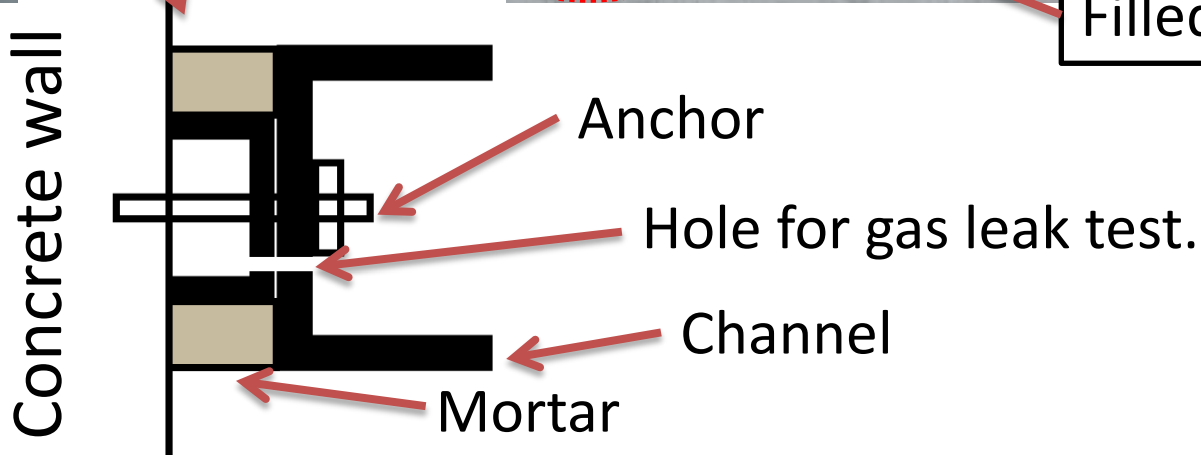
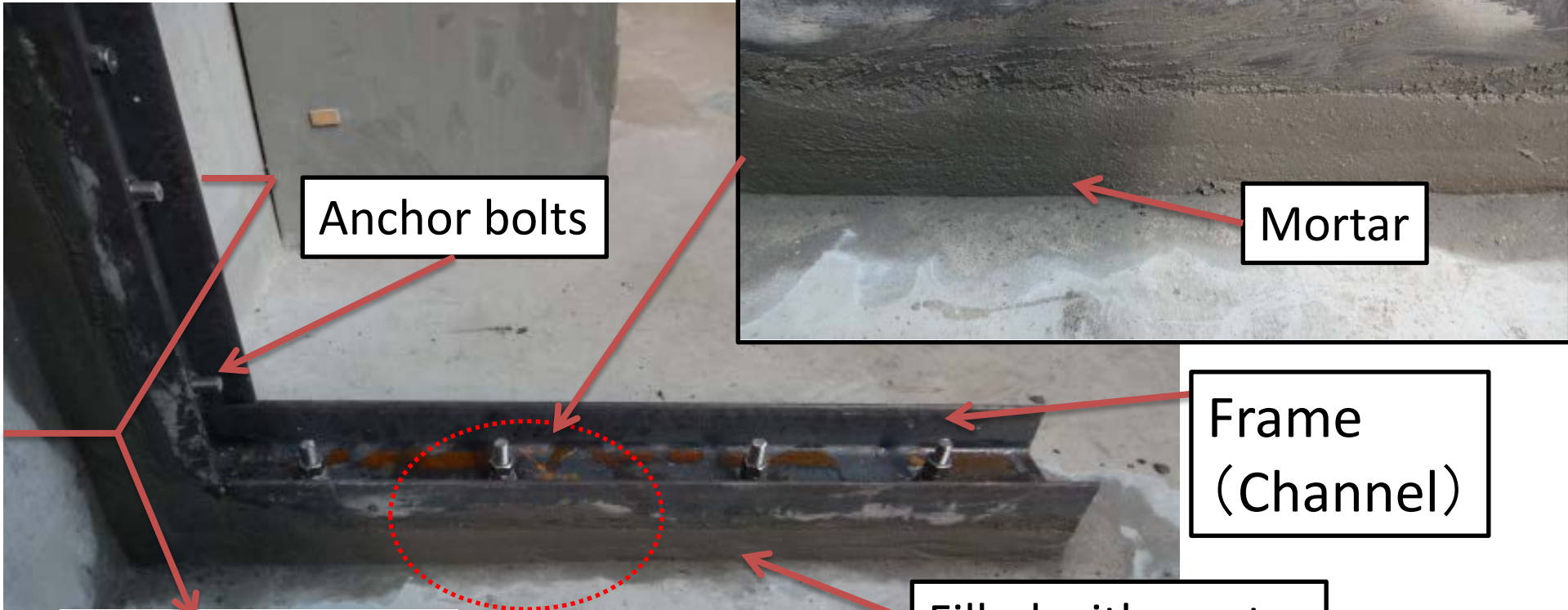


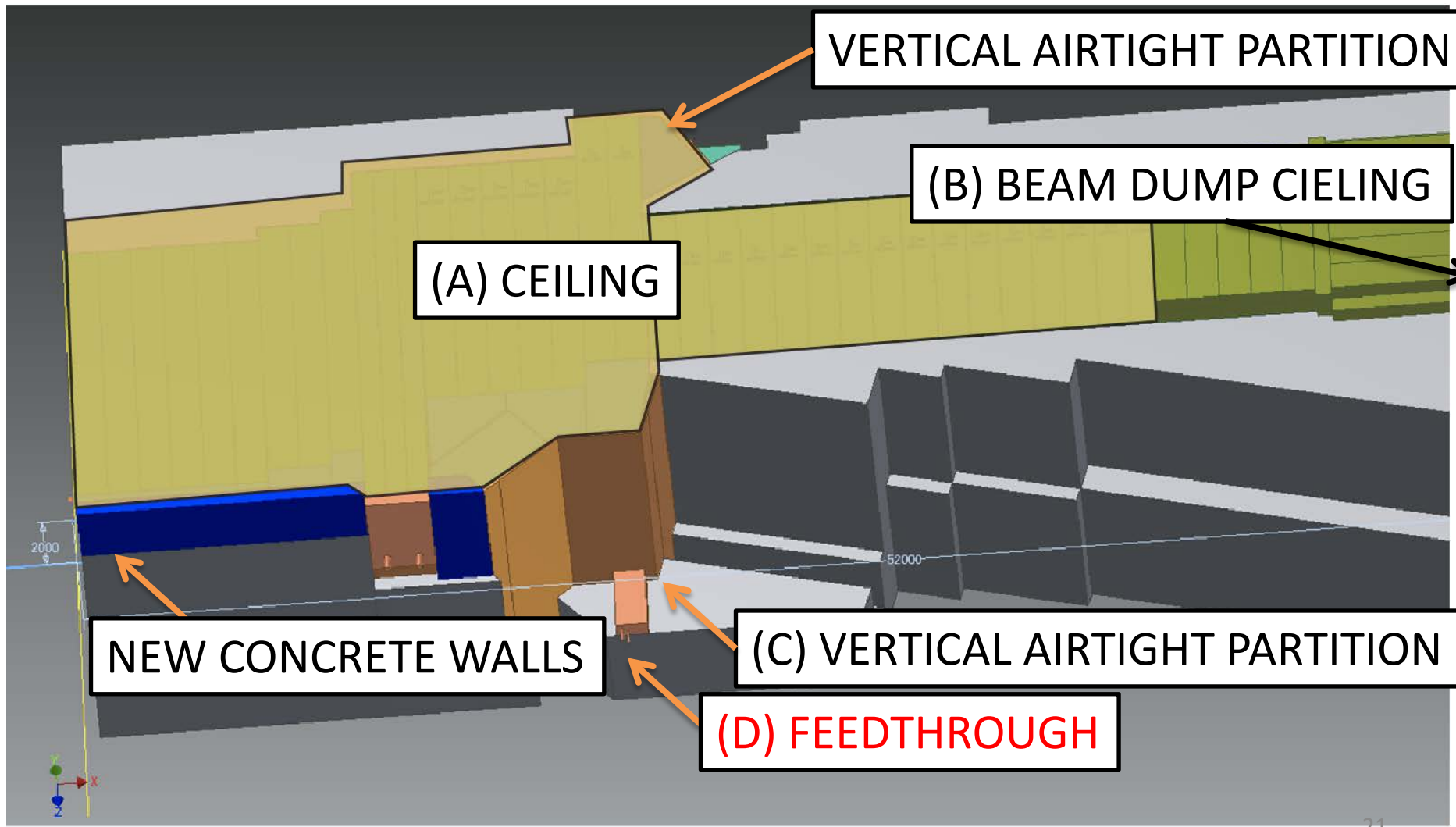
Gas leak test being performed independently from the joints between the frames and the walls.



- Quantitative Gas leak test being performed.

Prototype Frames





VERTICAL AIRTIGHT PARTITION

(B) BEAM DUMP CIELING

(A) CEILING

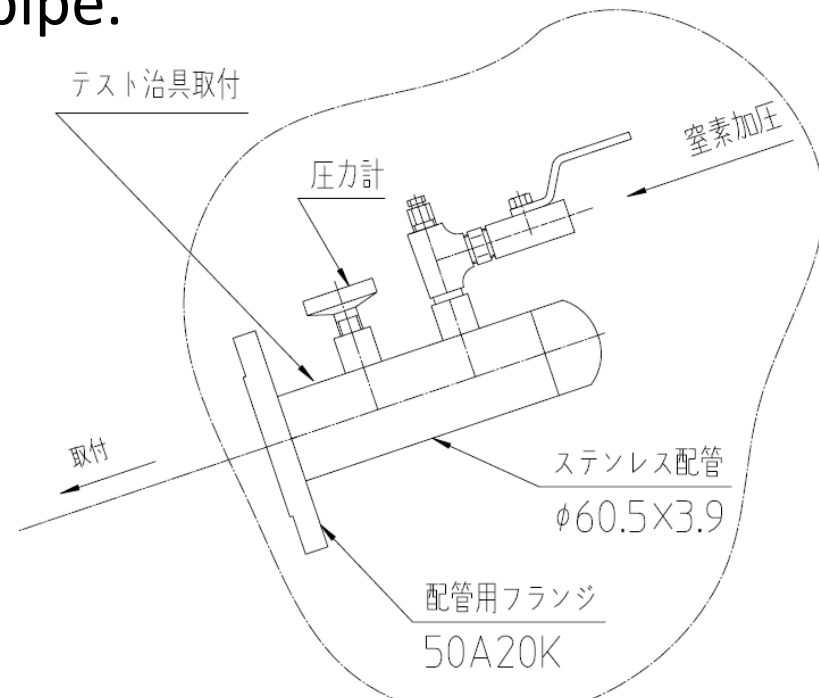
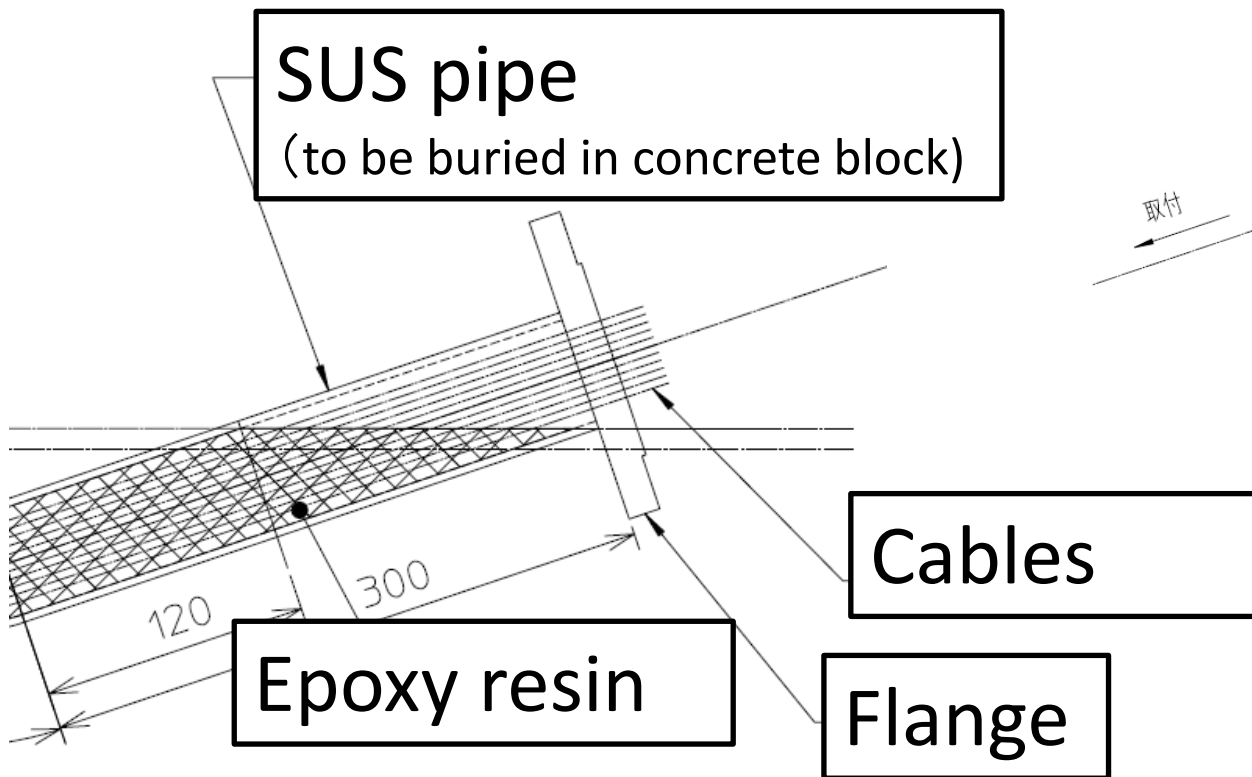
NEW CONCRETE WALLS

(C) VERTICAL AIRTIGHT PARTITION

(D) FEEDTHROUGH

Safety improvements of FEEDTHROUGH

- Safety improvements of FEEDTHROUGH
 - SUS pipe buried in concrete block.
 - Cables pass through the SUS pipe.
 - Filled with epoxy resin.
 - Patch panel.



**Jig for
gas leak test.**

Gas leak test

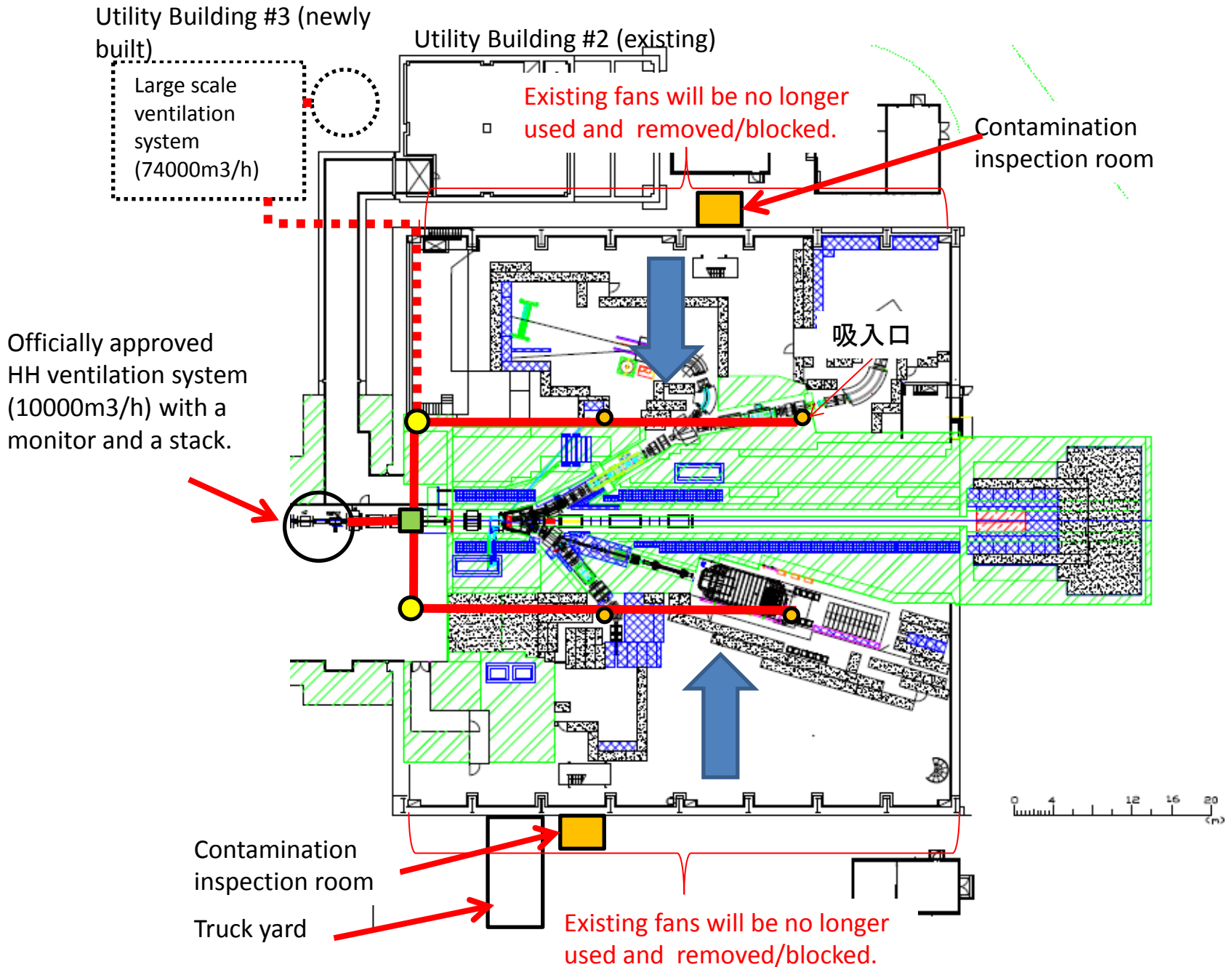
- Gas leak test
 - Pressurize or depressurize a test component, close its valve, and observe the pressure change.
 - Depressurize the test component, blow smoke from outside, and search for places where smoke is inhaled.
- Gas leak test policy
 - Component test
 - Components are confirmed to be airtight before installation as far as possible.
 - Test after install.
 - After installation, the primary beam line area is depressurized and confirmed to be airtight using smoke.



Hadron Hall

- Constructing controlled exhaust system
- Contamination check at the gateways
- Improving radiation monitoring

Hadron Hall



Improvements of Monitor and Control System

大項目	中項目	小項目
Monitor and Control	Target temp. monitor	Faster read-out system of target temperature
		Temperature measurement synchronized with beams
	Spill monitor	Collection of signal shape from an air ion chamber
		MPS with spill monitor
	He gas system	Measurement and recording of temp, pressure, humidity etc.
		Remote control of He circulation system
	Interlock with 2ndary particles	MPS with no. of 2ndary particles produced
	Vacuum system	MPS with vacuum information
		Remote control of valves
	Warning and alarm system	Use of EPICS alarm handler

Milestones

Date		Item	Comment
2013	Beginning of Oct.	Bidding procedure starts	
	Beginning of Oct.	Review committee	Intnat'l review
	Beginning of Nov.	Documents to Ibaraki Pref.	(socalled Shinzousetsu)
	End of Nov.	Application of building design approval	To Ibaraki Pref.
	By Dec.	Start construction/manufactureing	
2014	Jan.	Application for rad. license	HH ventilation system
	~Mar.	HH ventilation system ready	10000m3/h
	~Apr.	Start installation of new target	
	~Aug.	Improvements completed	
		Target installation completed	

Review committee for Hadron renovation especially on the target and related system

- Purpose
 - Review the plan of improvements of the target, the target chamber, and related equipments of the Hadron Hall and make appropriate advise to the Director of the J-PARC Center
- Date
 - **October 8 - 9**
- Place
 - Tokai
- Reviewer
 - Philip Pile (BNL)
 - John Haines (ESS)
 - Yoshiaki Kiyonagi (Hokkaido)
 - Toshiyuki Kubo (RIKEN)
 - Masatoshi Futakawa (J-PARC MLF)
 - Yukihiro Miyamoto (J-PARC Radiation Group, observer)