

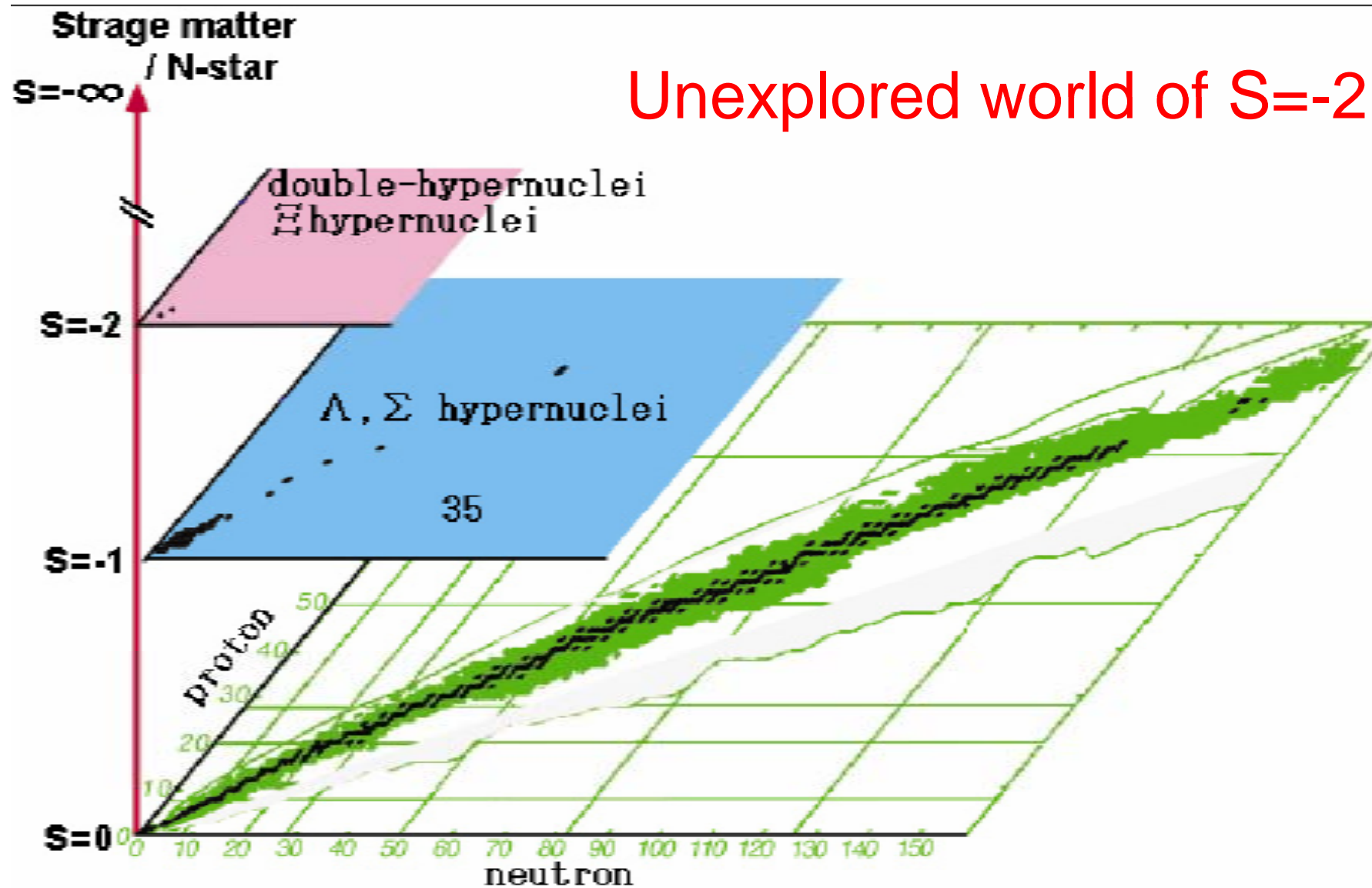
Spectroscopic studies of $S = -2$ systems

Kiyoshi Tanida (Kyoto Univ.)

06 Mar. 2008

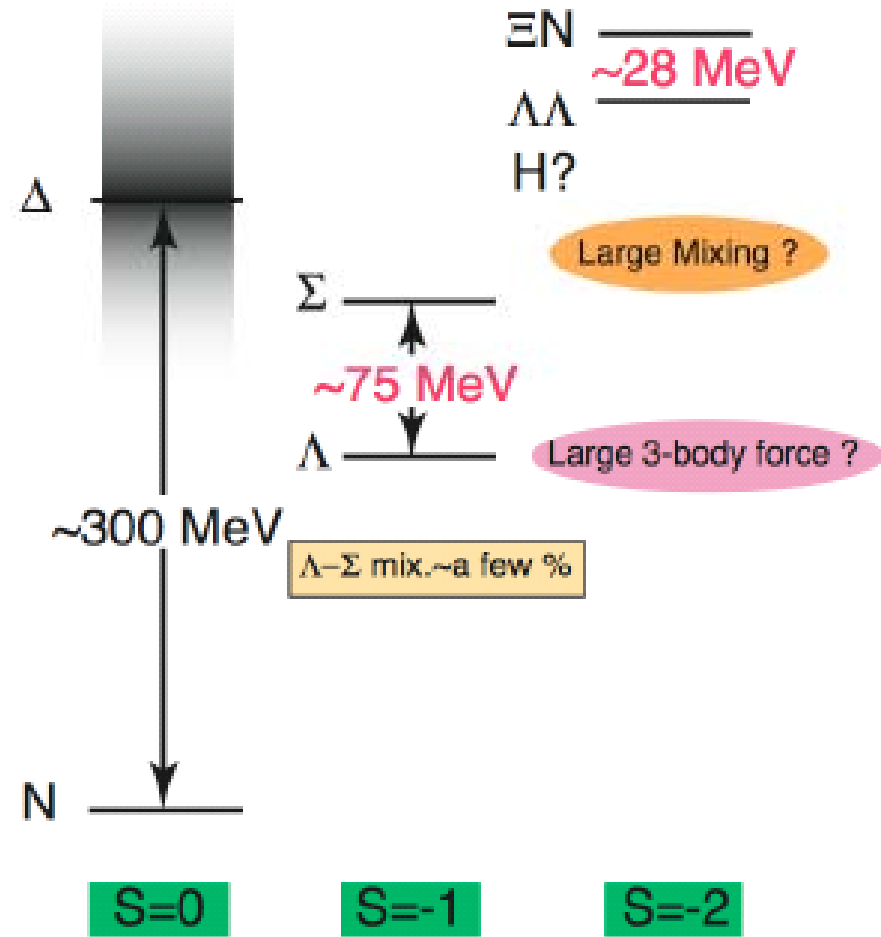
NP08@Mito

Hyper-nuclear chart



Physics Motivation

- A doorway to the multi-strangeness system
- **Very dynamic system?**
 - Large baryon mixing? Inversely proportional to mass difference.
 - H dibaryon as a mixed state of $\Lambda\Lambda$ - ΞN - $\Sigma\Sigma$?
- **Little is known so far**
 → Main motivation of the J-PARC



Approved experiments

— J-PARC PAC Approval summary —

	(Co-)Spokespersons	Affiliation(*)	Title of the experiment	Approval status	Slow line priority	
					Day1?	Day1 Priority
P01	V. Sumachev	Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute	Proposal on measurements of the spin rotation parameters A and R at the J-PARC in the resonance region of π -N elastic scattering	Rejected		
P02	Lol P. Aslanyan	Laboratory for High Energy, JINR	Study of Exotic Multiquark States with Λ -Hyperons and K^0_s Meson Systems at JPARC	-		
P03	K. Tanida	Kyoto U	Measurement of X rays from Ξ^- Atom	Stage 1	←	E03
P04	J. C. Peng, S. Sawada	U. of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, KEK	Measurement of High-Mass Dimuon Production at the 50-GeV Proton Synchrotron	Deferred		
P05	T. Nagae	KEK	Spectroscopic Study of Ξ -Hypernucleus, $^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$, via the $^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)$ Reaction	Stage 2	←	E05
P06	J. Imazato	KEK	Measurement of T-violating Transverse Muon Polarization in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu$ Decays	Stage 1		
P07	K. Imai, K. Nakazawa, H. Tamura	Kyoto U., Gifu U., Tohoku U.	Systematic Study of Double Strangeness System with an Emulsion-counter Hybrid Method	Stage 1	←	E07
P08	A. Krutenkova	ITEP	Pion double charge exchange on oxygen at J-PARC	-		
P09	Lol T. Nakano	RCNP, Osaka U	Study of Exotic Hadrons with S=+1 and Rare Decay $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ with Low-momentum Kaon Beam at J-PARC	-		
P10	A. Sakaguchi	Osaka U	Study on Λ -Hypernuclei with the Charge-Exchange Reactions	Deferred		
P11	K. Nishikawa	KEK	Tokai-to-Kamioka (T2K) Long Baseline Neutrino Oscillation Experimental Proposal	Stage 2		
P12	Lol S. Choi	Seoul National University	Study of Parton Distribution Function of Mesons via Drell-Yan Process at J-PARC at High-p beamline	-		
P13	T. Tamura	Tohoku U.	Gamma-ray spectroscopy of light hypernuclei	Stage 2	←	2
P14	T. Yamanaka	Osaka University	Proposal for $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ Experiment at J-PARC	Stage 1		
P15	M. Iwasaki, T. Nagae	RIKEN, KEK	A Search for deeply-bound kaonic nuclear states by in-flight $^3\text{He}(K^-, n)$ reaction	Stage 1	←	
P16	S. Yokkaichi	RIKEN	Electron pair spectrometer at the J-PARC 50-GeV PS to explore the chiral symmetry in QCD	Deferred		
P17	R. Hayano, H. Ohta	U. Tokyo, RIKEN	Precision spectroscopy of Kaonic ^3He 3d- \rightarrow 2p X-rays	Stage 1	←	
P18	H. Bhang, H. Ohta, H. Park	SNU, RIKEN, KRISS	Coincidence Measurement of the Weak Decay of $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{C}$ and the three-body weak interaction process	Deferred		
P19	M. Naruki	RIKEN	High-resolution Search for Θ^+ Pentaquark in $\pi^+ p \rightarrow K^+ X$ Reactions	Stage 1	←	
P20	Lol Y. Kuno	Osaka U	An Experimental Search for $\mu^- \rightarrow e^-$ Conversion at Sensitivity of 10^{-18} with a High Intense Muon Source, PRISM	-		

 : Letter of Intent : Experiment at the fast extraction beam
 : No presentation this time : Experiment at the third extraction beam
 (*): Affiliation of the spokespersons

3 experiments approved for S=-2 nucl. phys.

Approved experiments

- E03:** Measurement of X rays from Ξ^- atom
Spokesperson – K. Tanida (Kyoto)
- E05:** Spectroscopic study of Ξ -hypernucleus, $^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$,
via the $^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)$ reaction (Day 1 – 1st priority)
Spokesperson – T. Nagae (Kyoto)
- E07:** Systematic study of double strangeness system
with an emulsion-counter hybrid method
Spokespersons – K. Imai (Kyoto)
K. Nakazawa (Gifu)
H. Tamura (Tohoku)

3 experiments approved for $S=-2$ nucl. phys.

E05 Ξ -hypernuclei



Missing mass spectroscopy of $^{12}\text{C}(\text{K}^-, \text{K}^+)\text{X}$

$\rightarrow {}^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}, {}^{12}_{\Lambda\Lambda}\text{Be}$

1.8 GeV/c

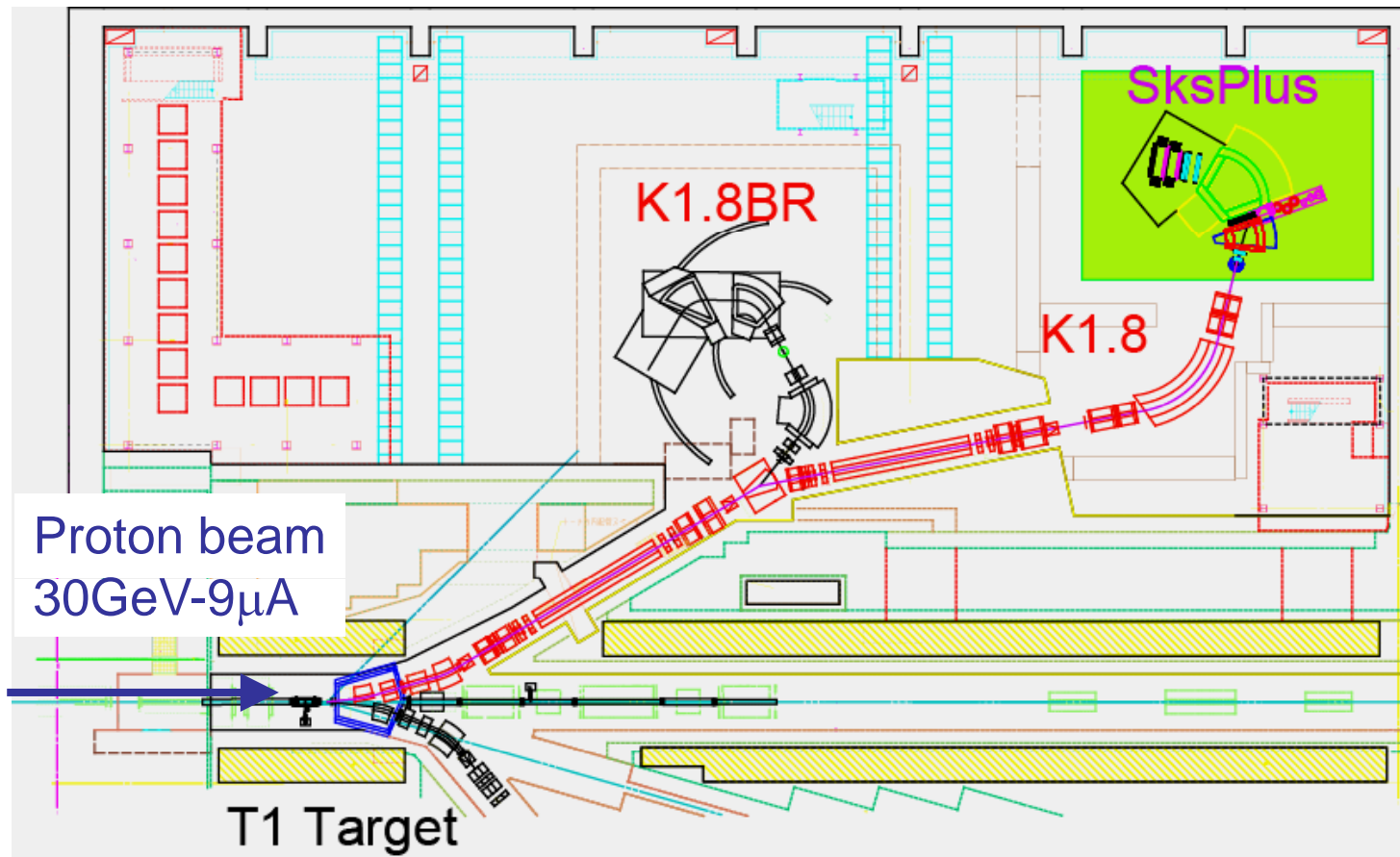
K^- beam

high intensity

$1.4 \times 10^6 \text{ K}^- / \text{spill}$
(Phase-1)

high purity

$\text{K}^- / \pi^- \sim 6.9$



Importance of Ξ systems

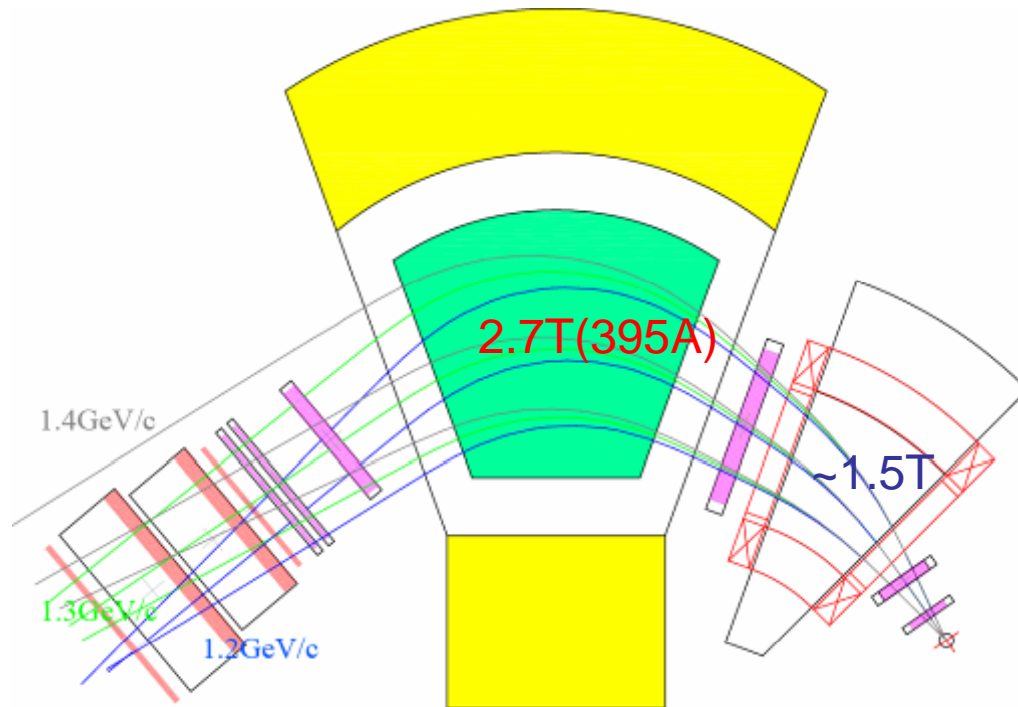
- Valuable information on ΞN (effective) interaction
 - e.g., How strong $\Xi N \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$ (and thus ΞN - $\Lambda\Lambda$ mixing) is?
 - Relevant to the existence of H dibaryon
 - ΞN component in $\Lambda\Lambda$ -hypernuclei
 - Exchange interaction is prohibited in one-meson exchange models
- How about A dependence?
- Impact on neutron stars
 - Does Ξ^- play significant role in neutron stars because of its negative charge?
 - Σ^- was supposed to be important, but its interaction with neutron matter is found to be strongly repulsive.

Ξ N interaction model and Ξ A optical potential

Model	T	1S_0	3S_1	1P_1	3P_0	3P_1	3P_2	U_{Ξ}	Γ_{Ξ}
NHC-D	0	-2.6	0.1	-2.1	-0.2	-0.7	-1.9		
	1	-3.2	-2.3	-3.0	-0.0	-3.1	-6.3	-25.2	0.9
Ehime	0	-0.9	-0.5	-1.0	0.3	-2.4	-0.7		
	1	-1.3	-8.6	-0.8	-0.4	-1.7	-4.2	-22.3	0.5
ESC04d*	0	6.3	-18.4	1.2	1.5	-1.3	-1.9		
	1	7.2	-1.7	-0.8	-0.5	-1.2	-2.8	-12.1	12.7

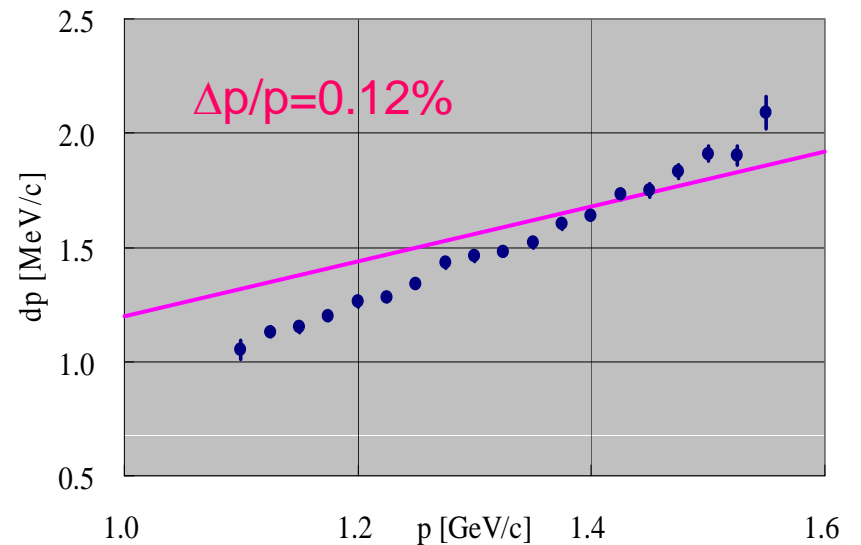
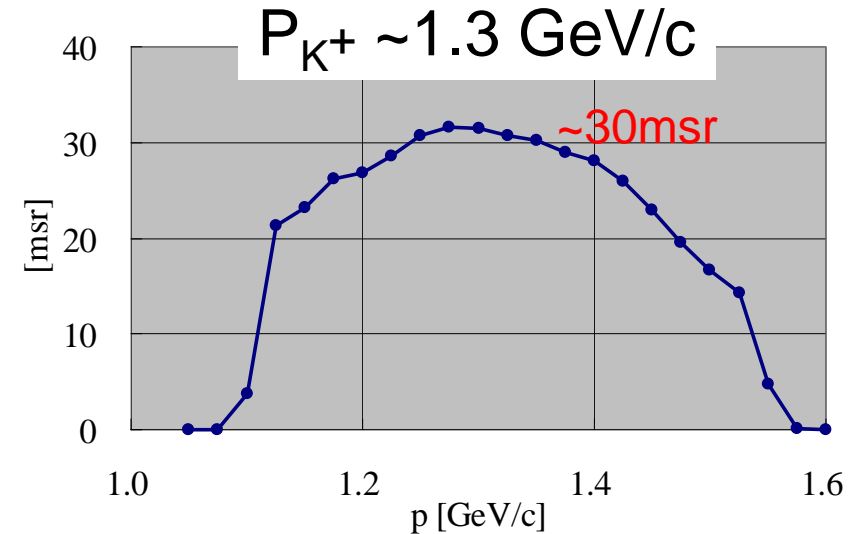
- One boson exchange (NHC-D, Ehime)
 - strong attraction in odd states \rightarrow strong A dependence
- ESC04d*
 - strong attraction in 3S_1 (T=0)

SksPlus Spectrometer

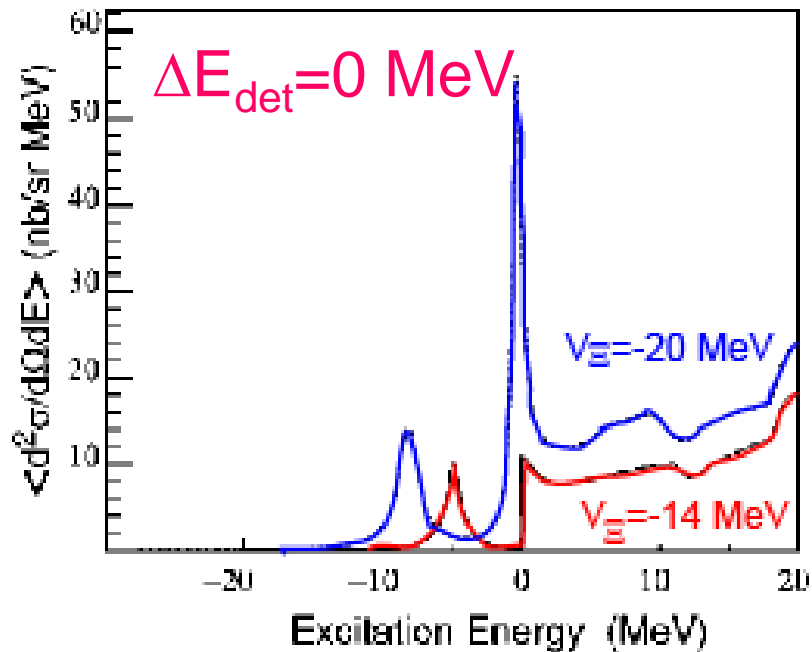


- 95° total bend
- ~7m flight path
- $\Delta x = 0.3$ mm (RMS)

high resolution: $\Delta E \sim 3$ MeV



$^{12}\text{C}(K^-, K^+)^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$ spectra calculated by W.S. potential

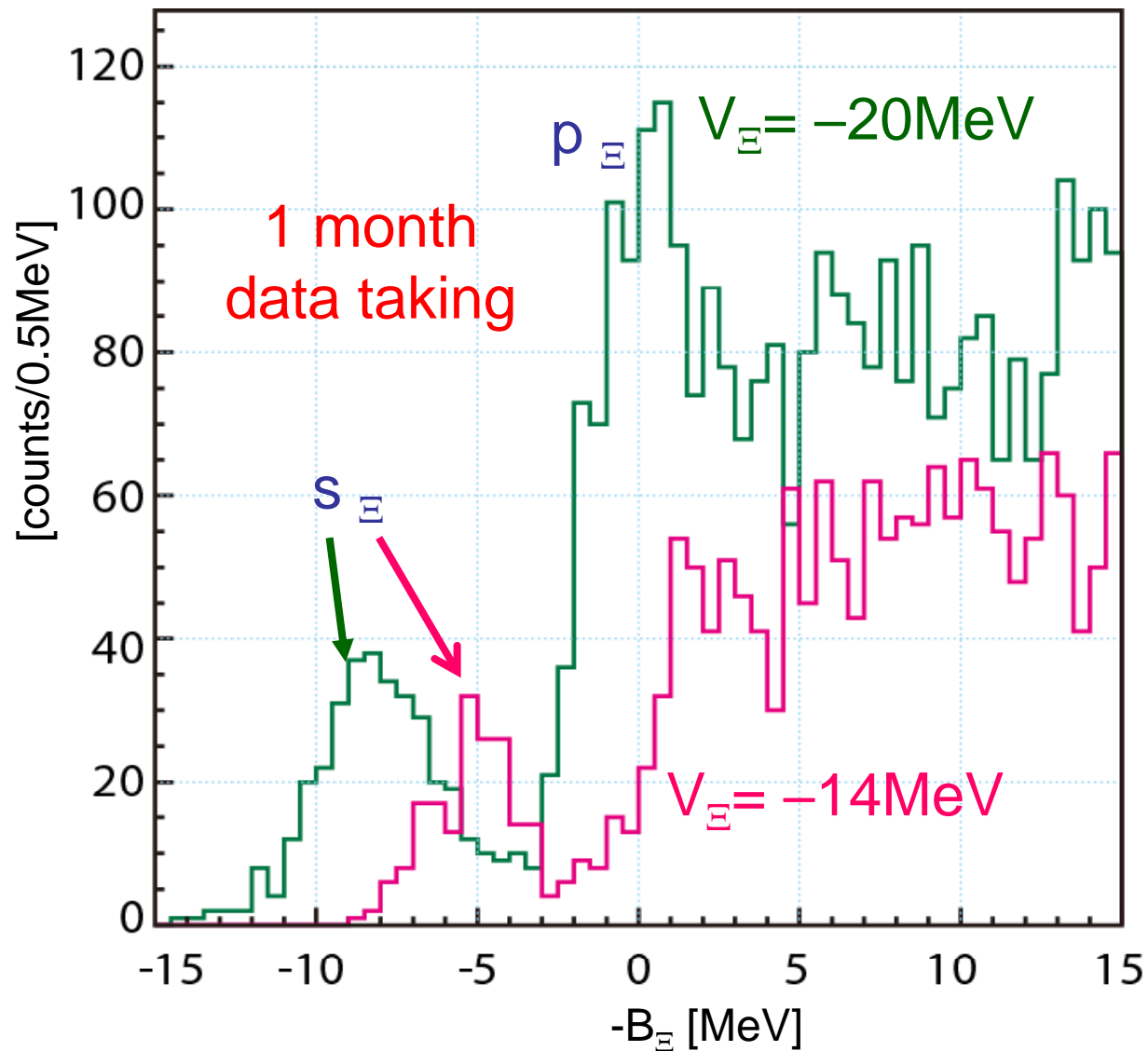


P.Khaustov, et al.
Phys. Rev. C61(2000)054603

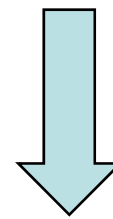
		V_{Ξ}^0 [MeV]			
states		-24	-20	-16	-12
s-state		[nb/sr]			
$0p_{3/2} \rightarrow 0s_{1/2}$	1^-	215	168	123	81
p-states		[nb/sr]			
$0p_{3/2} \rightarrow 0p_{3/2}$	0^+	29	20	—	—
	2^+	164	103	—	—
$0p_{3/2} \rightarrow 0p_{1/2}$	2^+	152	93	—	—
sum		345	216	—	—

K.Ikeda, et al,
Prog. Theor. Phys. 91 (1994) 747 ;
Y.Yamamoto, et al,
Prog. Theor. Phys. Suppl. 117 (1994) 281

Expected $^{12}_{\Xi}\text{Be}$ Spectrum



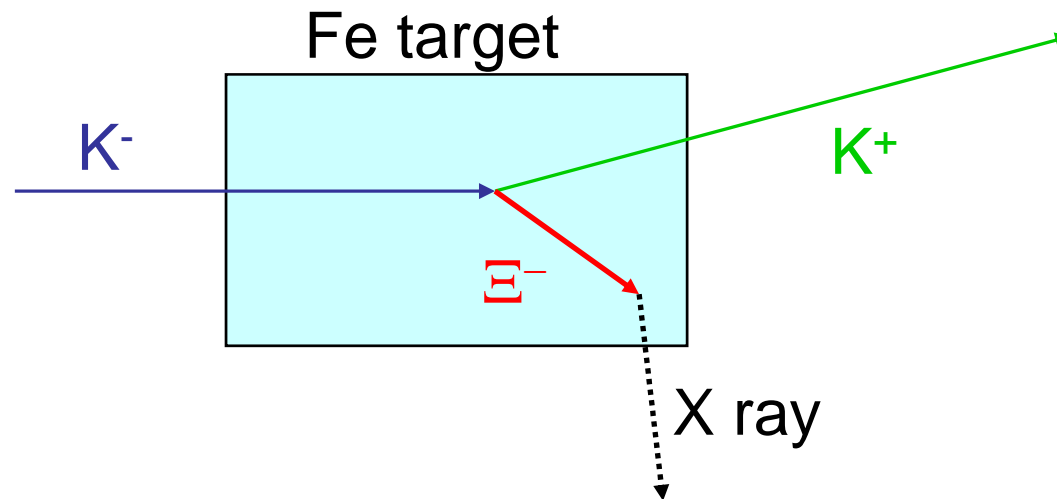
$$\Delta E = 3 \text{ MeV}_{\text{FWHM}}$$



Optical potential

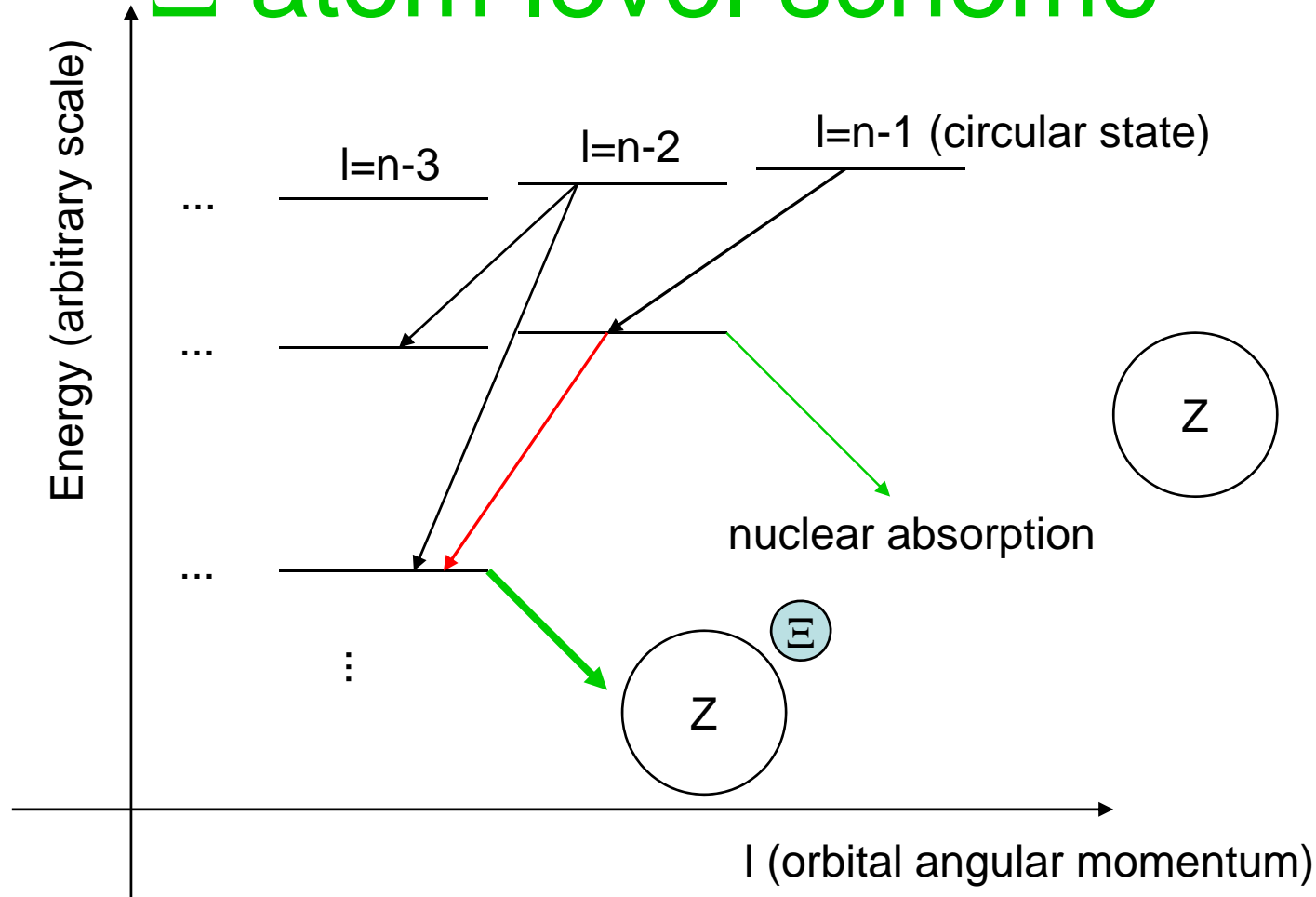
E03 X-ray spectroscopy of Ξ atom

- The first measurement of X rays from Ξ -atom
 - Gives direct information on the Ξ A optical potential
- Produce Ξ^- by the $\text{Fe}(K^-, K^+)$ reaction, make it stop in the target, and measure X rays.



- Aiming at establishing the experimental method
- Possibility for double- Λ γ -ray

Ξ atom level scheme

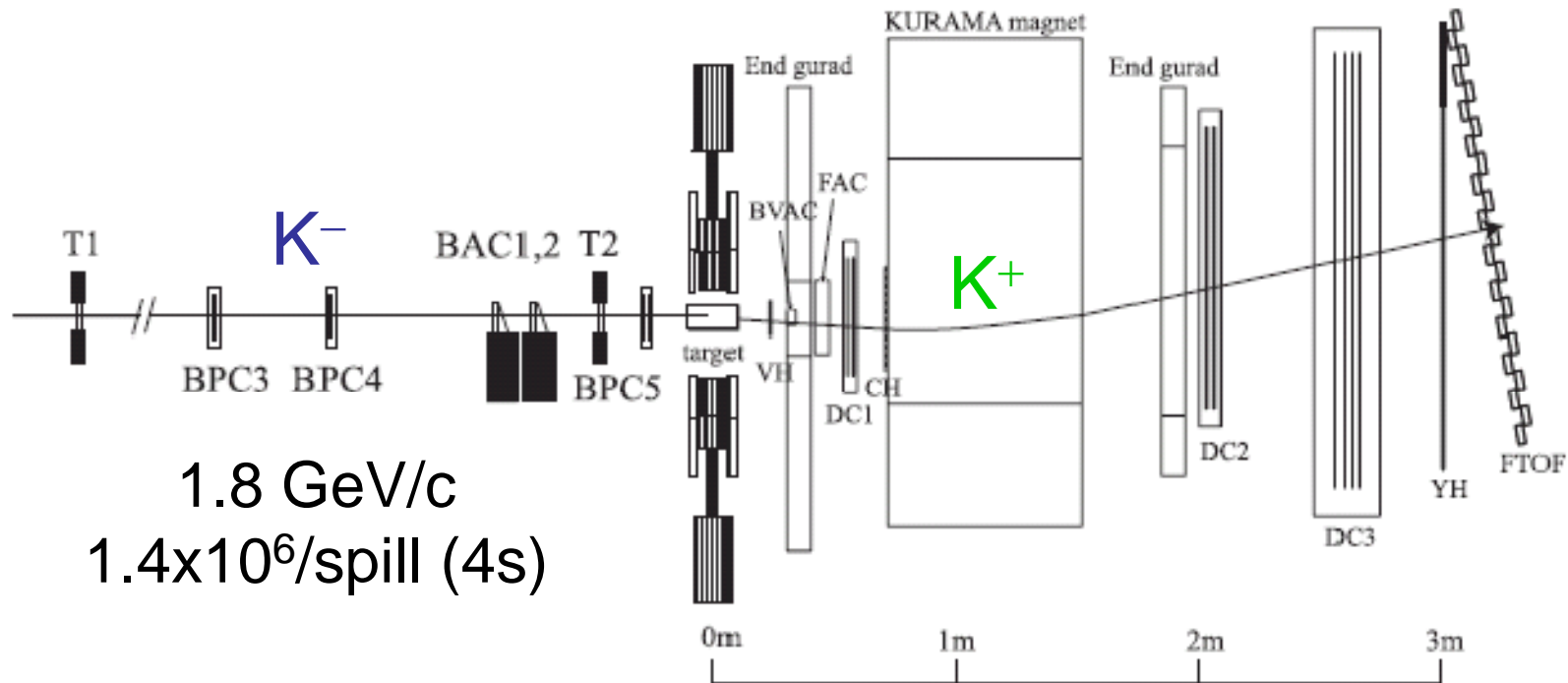


X ray energy shift – real part

Width, yield – imaginary part

Successfully used for π^- , K^- , \bar{p} , and Σ^-

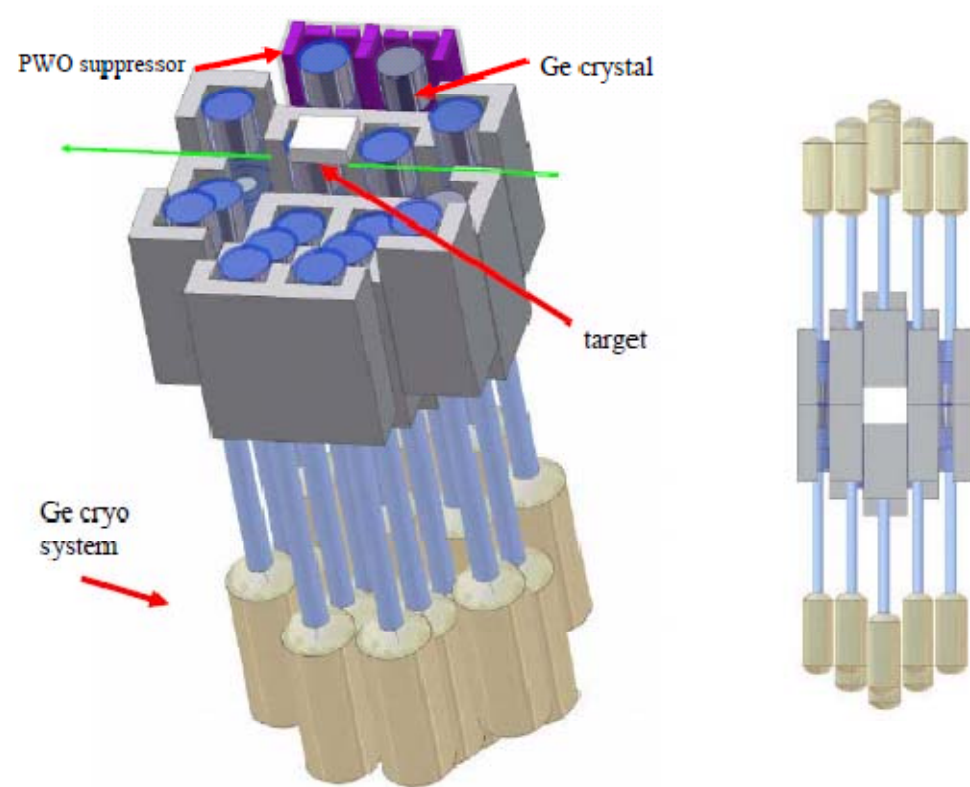
Experimental setup



- Long used at KEK-PS K2 beamline (E373, E522, ...)
 - Minor modification is necessary to accommodate high rate.
- Large acceptance (~ 0.2 sr)

X-ray detector

- **Hyperball-J**
 - 40 Ge detectors
 - PWO anti-Compton
- Detection efficiency
 - **16%** at 284 keV
- High-rate capability
 - < 50% deadtime
- Calibration
 - In-beam, frequent
 - Accuracy **~ 0.05 keV**
- Resolution
 - **~2 keV (FWHM)**

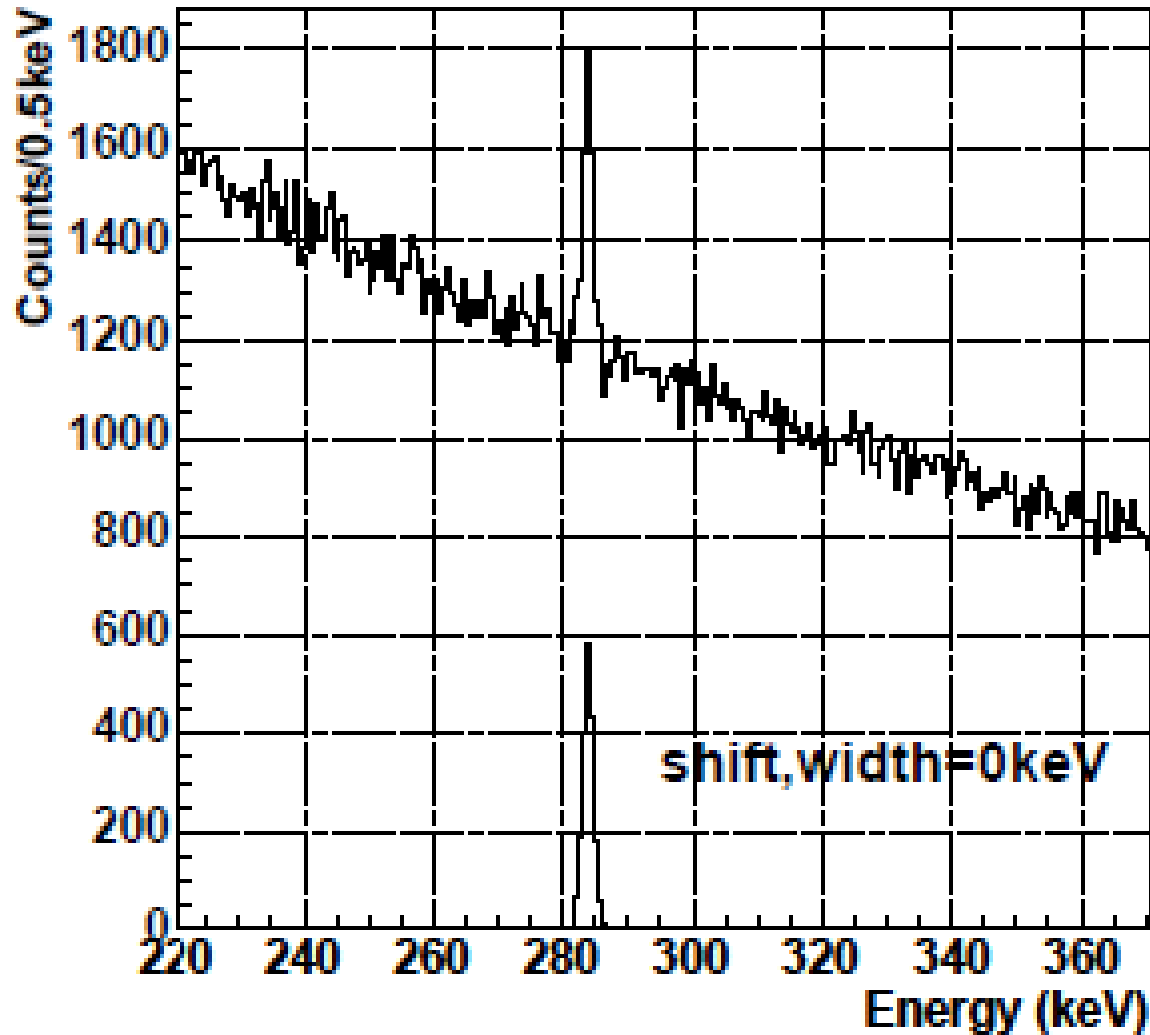


Yield & sensitivity estimation

- Total number of K⁻: 1.0×10^{12} for 800 hours.
- Yield of Ξ
 - production: 3.7×10^6
 - stopped: 7.5×10^5
- X-ray yield: **2500** for n=6→5 transition
 - 7200 for n=7→6
- Expected sensitivity
 - Energy shift: **-0.05 keV** (systematic dominant)
 - Good for expected shift (~1 keV, 4.4 keV by Koike)
< 5% accuracy for optical potential depth
 - Width: directly measurable down to ~ 1 keV
 - X-ray yield gives additional (indirect) information on absorption potential.

Expected X-ray spectrum

(b) (6,5) \rightarrow (5,4)

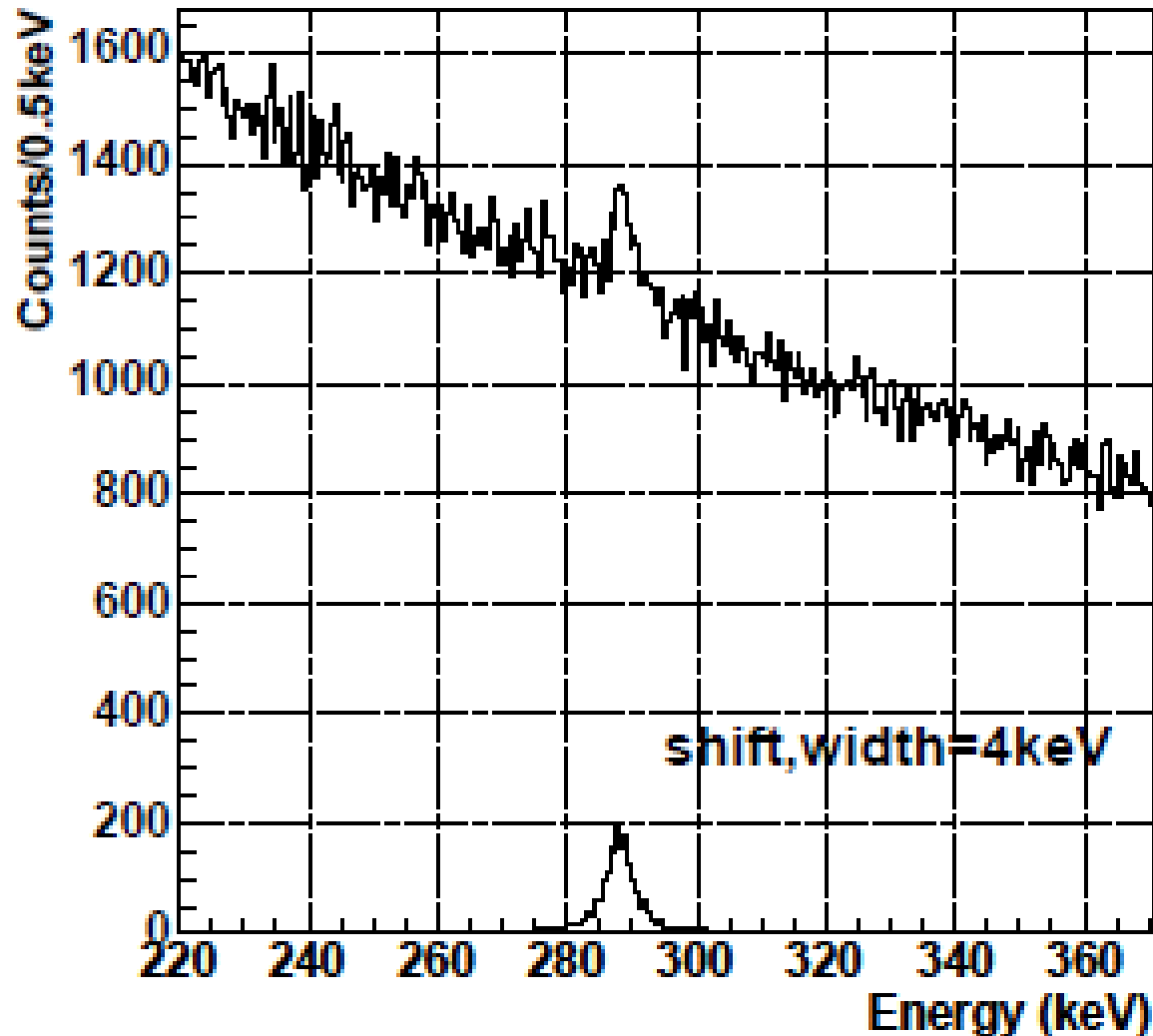


$n = 6 \rightarrow 5$

shift & width
0 keV

Expected X-ray spectrum(2)

(a) (6,5) \rightarrow (5,4)



$n = 6 \rightarrow 5$

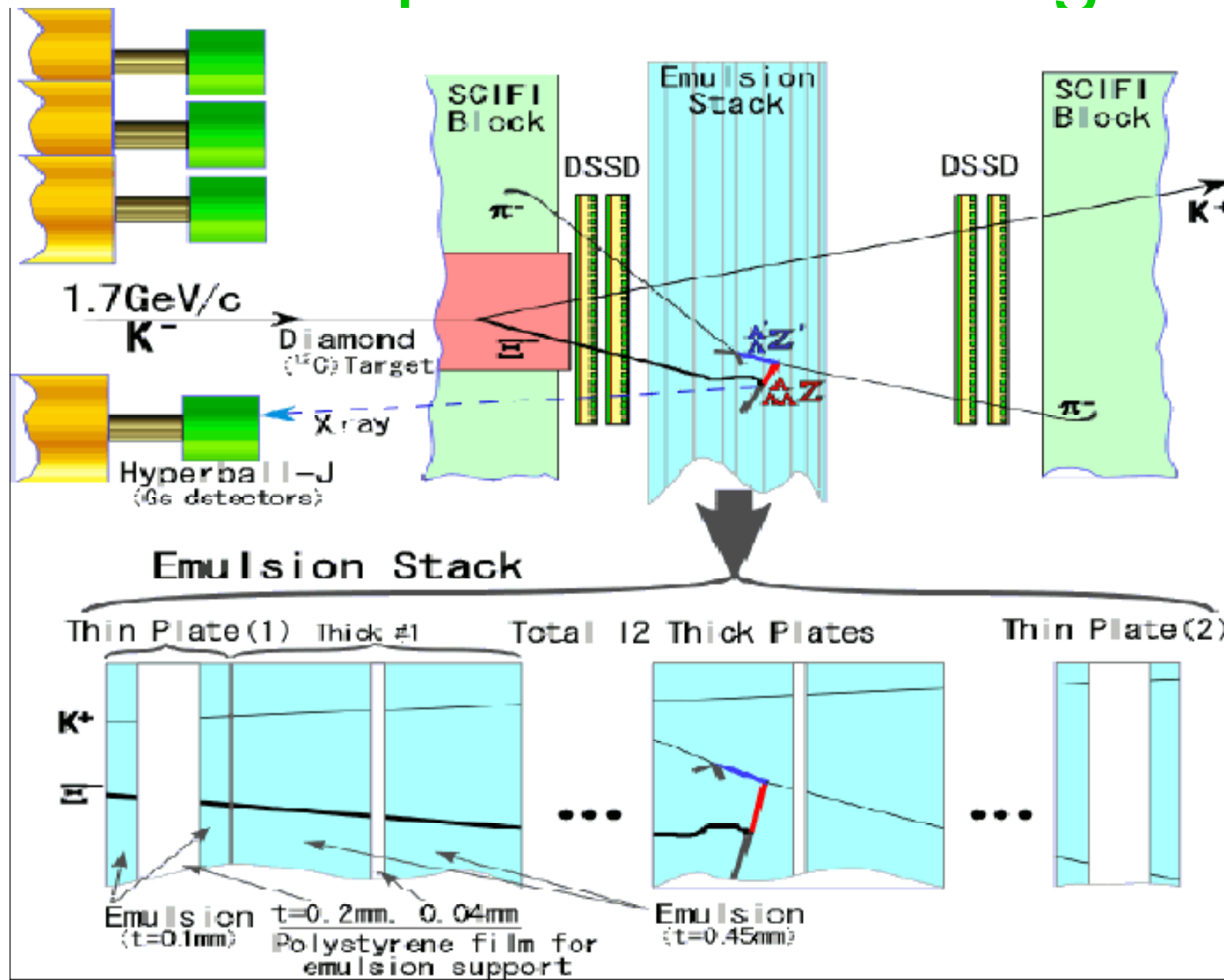
shift & width
4 keV

E07 $\Lambda\Lambda$ Hypernuclei

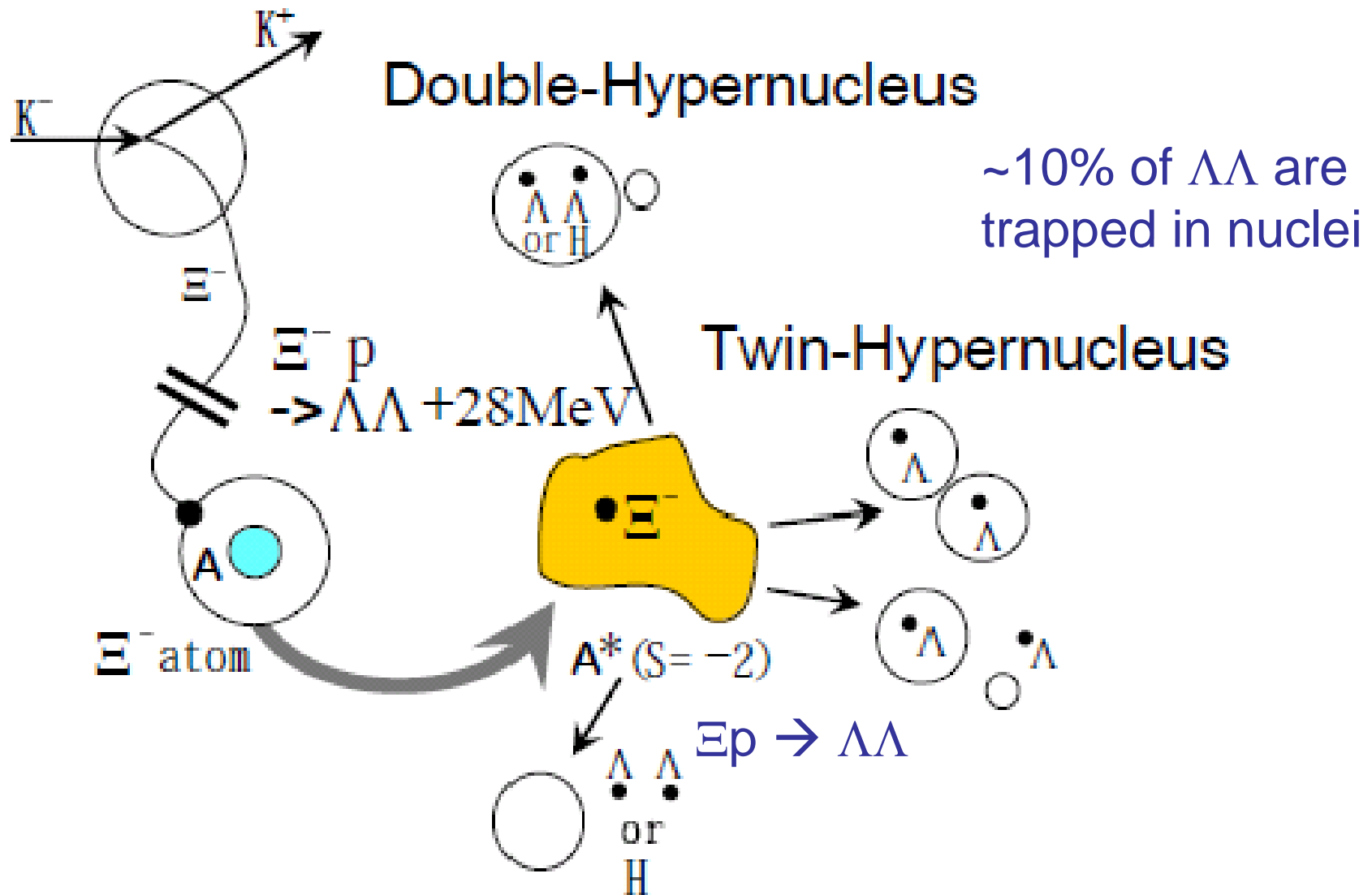
- Hybrid emulsion method
 - Production of Ξ^- by the (K^-, K^+) reaction is tagged by counters (almost the same as E03)
 - Then Ξ^- is tracked down in emulsion for possible production of double- Λ hypernuclei.
- Goal: 10000 stopped Ξ^- on emulsion
 - 100 or more double- Λ hypernuclei events
 - 10 species of double- Λ hypernuclei

→ Chart of double- Λ hypernuclei

Setup around the target



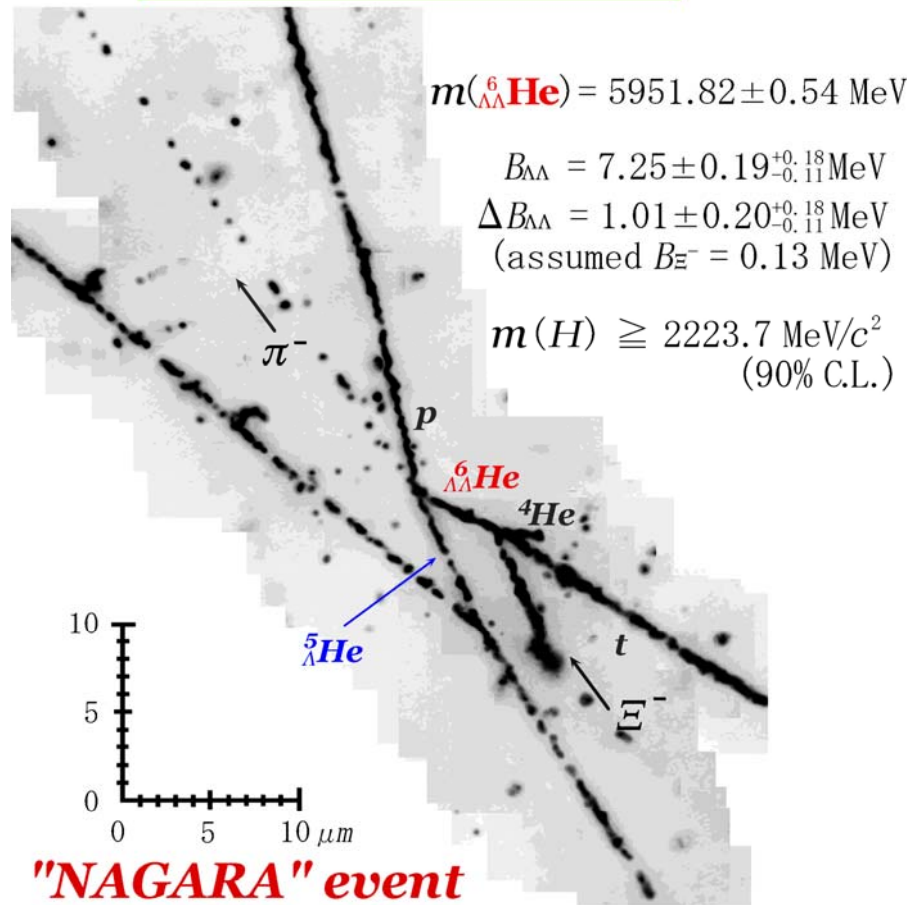
Production of $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei



Example event in emulsion

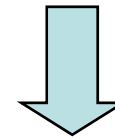
Dec. 19. 2001

$\Lambda\Lambda$ He double-hypernucleus
Unique interpretation!!



"NAGARA" event
presented by E373(KEK-PS) on Jan.2001

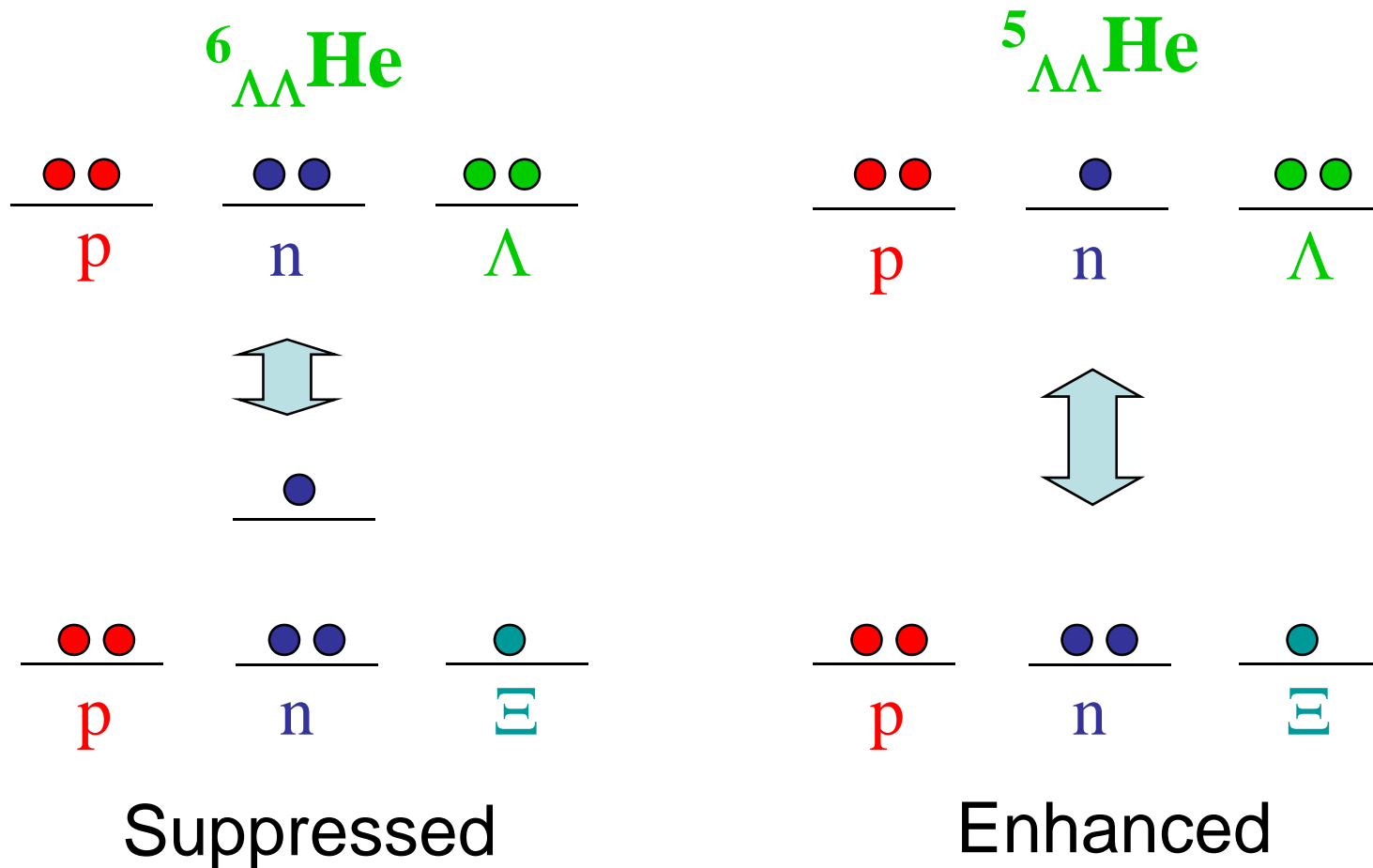
- Track length, thickness
 - PID/energy
- Presume what are produced at each vertex
 - Then check consistency
 - Unique assignment is sometimes possible



- Calculate binding energy
 $\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = B_{\Lambda\Lambda} - 2B_{\Lambda}$
 gives net $\Lambda\Lambda$ interaction

Systematics of $\Lambda\Lambda$ binding energy

- $\Delta B_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ may differ for each nucleus
 - For example by hyperon mixing effect



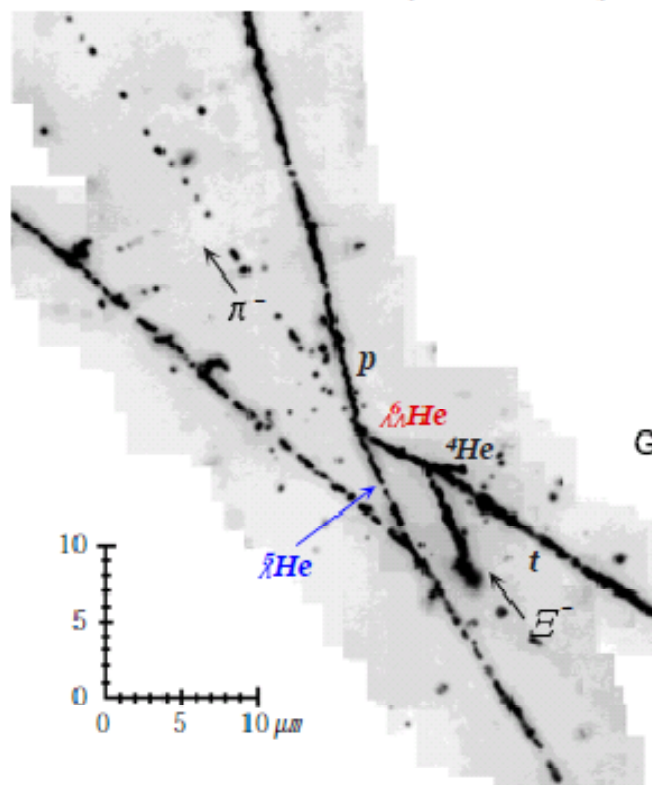
Summary & perspective

- Nuclei with $S=-2$ at J-PARC
 - Main topic of strangeness nuclear physics
- 3 experiments are approved
 - Spectroscopy of Ξ hypernucleus (E05)
 - X-ray spectroscopy of Ξ atom (E03)
 - ΞA optical potential, ΞN interaction
 - attractive or repulsive? how strong is $\Xi N \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$?
 - Hybrid emulsion study of double Λ hypernuclei (E07)
 - $\Lambda\Lambda$ interaction in nuclei, $S=-2$ hypernuclear chart
 - evidence for $\Lambda\Lambda$ - ΞN mixing seen in $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei?
- More to come
 - E05 & E03 will do systematic measurements
 - γ -ray spectroscopy of $\Lambda\Lambda$ -hypernuclei may be possible

Collaboration list: E07

n *Systematic Study of Double Strangeness System* **p** **Λ** *with an Emulsion-Counter Hybrid Method*

NAGARA event (KEK-E373)



Kyoto: E.Hayata, M.Hayata, M.Hirose, K.Imai, S.Kamigaito, N.Saito, K.Tanida, M.Togawa, T.Tsunemi, C.J.Yoon

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Tohoku: K.Hosomi, T.Koike, Y.Ma, K.Shirotori, H.Tamura, M.Ukai

AMU: R.Hasan

BNL: R.E.Chrien

CIAE: Y.Y.Fu, C.P.Li, Z.M.Li, J.Zhou, S.H.Zhou, L.H.Zhu

Chonnam: J.Y.Kim

Dongshin: M.Y.Pac

Fukui: T.Yoshida

Gyeongsang: K.S.Chung, S.H.Kim, J.S.Song, C.S.Yoon

KEK: M.Ieiri, H.Noumi, M.Sekimoto, H.Takahashi

Nagoya: K.Hoshino, T.Kawai, B.D.Park, T.Sato, T.Watabe

NIRS: N.Yasuda

OsakaCity: K.Yamamoto

Pusan: J.K.Ahn, S.Y.Ryu

Toho: C.Fukushima, M.Kimura, S.Ogawa, H.Shibuya

UCL: D.H.Davis, D.Tovee

U.Houston: Ed.Hungerfold

U.New-Mexico: B.Bassalleck

Collaborators

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(i) *Osaka Electro-Communication University*

(j) *Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR), Russia*

(k) *Pusan National University, Korea*

(l) *China Institute of Atomic Energy (CIAE), China*

(m) *Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL), USA*

(n) *University of New Mexico, USA*

(o) *IPN-O, Universite Paris-Sud, France*

(p) *Institute of Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Russia*

(q) *Florida International University, USA*

(r) *Universita di Torino, Italy*

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(t) *INAF-IFSI, Sezione di Torino, Italy*

(u) *Hampton University, USA*

66 members

from 21 institutes

Collaboration list: E03

- *Kyoto University*
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- *Brookhaven National Laboratory*
 - R. E. Chrien
- *China Institute of Atomic Energy*
 - Y. Y. Fu, C. P. Li, X. M. Li, J. Zhou, S. H. Zhou, L. H. Zhu
- *Gifu University*
 - K. Nakazawa, M. Ukai, T. Watanabe,
- *KEK*
 - H. Noumi, Y. Sato, M. Sekimoto, H. Takahashi, T. Takahashi, A. Toyoda
- *JINR(Russia)*
 - E. Evtoukhovitch, V. Kalinnikov, W. Kallies, N. Karavchuk, A. Moissenko, D. Mzhavia, V. Samoilo, Z. Tsamalaidze, O. Zaimidoroga
- *Tohoku University*
 - O. Hashimoto, K. Hosomi, T. Koike, Y. Ma, M. Mimori, K. Miwa, K. Shiotori, H. Tamura