

New Photon Detector

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Introduction

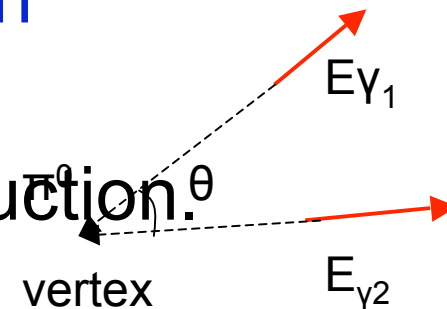
- Standard Photon Detector - **CsI crystals** measures **Energy** and **Position** of photons.
- Our interest is additional **Direction** measurement.

- Direct **Vertex and Mass** reconstruction.

$$M_{\gamma\gamma}^2 = E_{\gamma 1} E_{\gamma 2} (1 - \cos\theta)$$

Strong confidence on $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

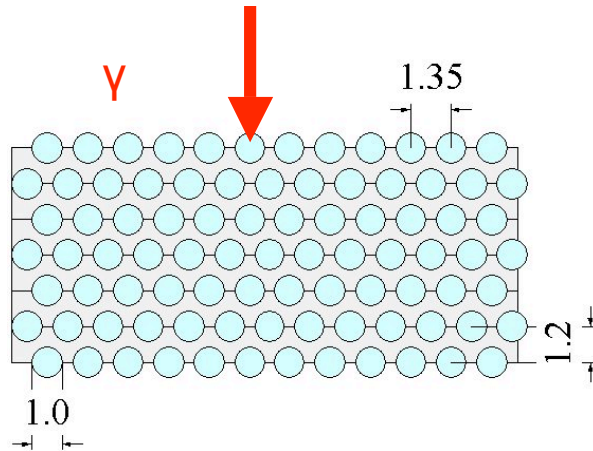
from $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\nu$ decay.



- This talk will be R&D of **Photon Detector**.

Photon Detector

- SPA-CAL is consisted of Scintillating fibers and lead radiator



grooved lead plate 0.5mmt

Scinti fiber 1 mm Φ

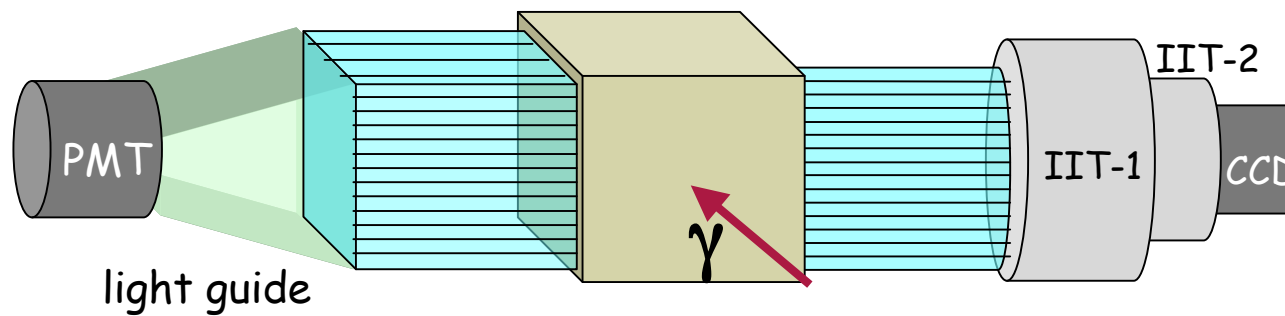
Individual fiber readout gives

Photon energy, position and direction.

Prototype Detector

10 cm x 10 cm x 9.7 cm ($6X_0$)

75 cm long x 75 fibers x 76 layers (5850 fibers)



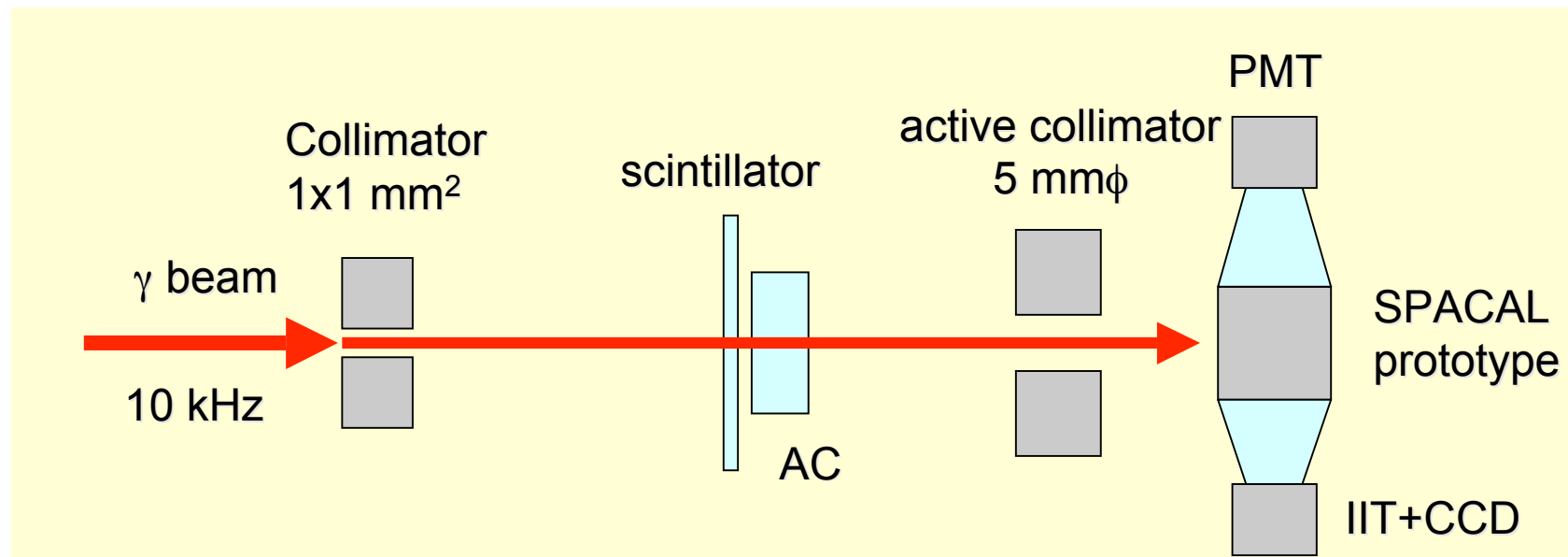
IIT+CCD system

IIT gain $\times 10^6$ gate width 100 μ s

CCD 768(H)x 494(V), readout 30 frames /sec

Setup of the beam test

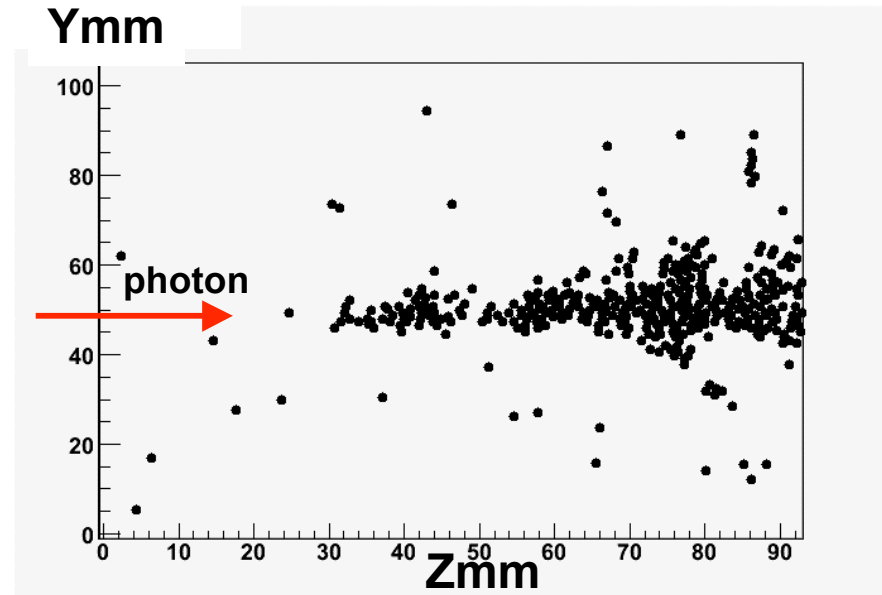
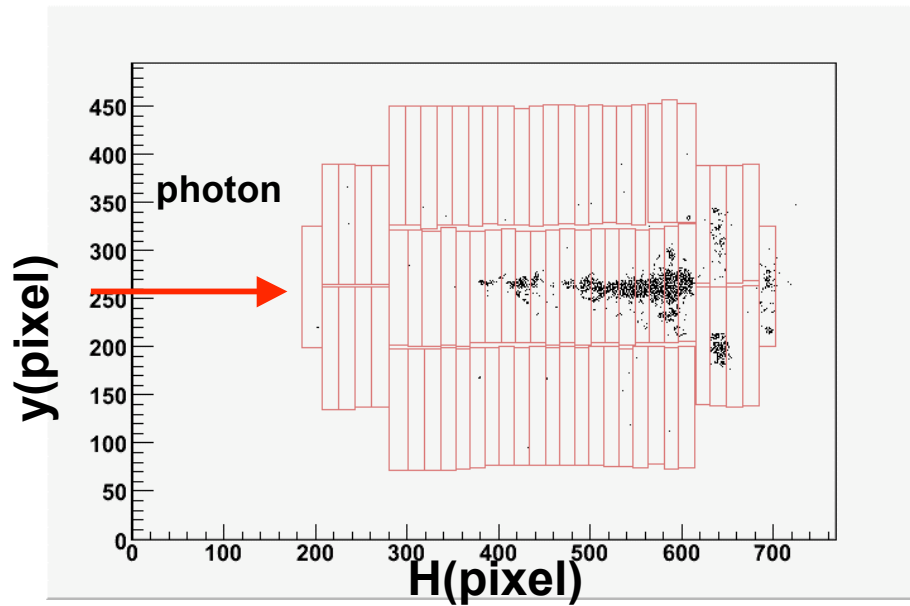
- Photon beam @ SPring-8
 - E_γ : 1.5 ~ 3.0 GeV tagged photons
- Collimator (1 mm² hole)
 - avoiding the image overlap
- Trigger
 - self trigger ($E_\gamma > 300$ MeV)
 - rate: 16 Hz




TOP VIEW

Transform from CCD coordinate to Detector coordinate

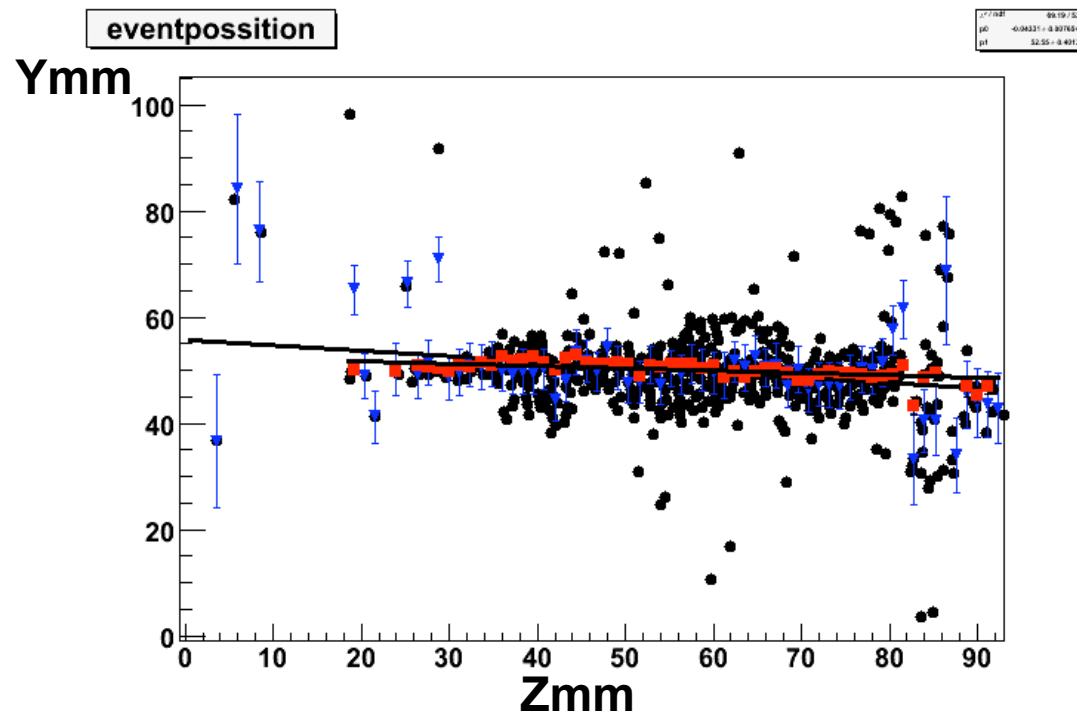
CCD picture



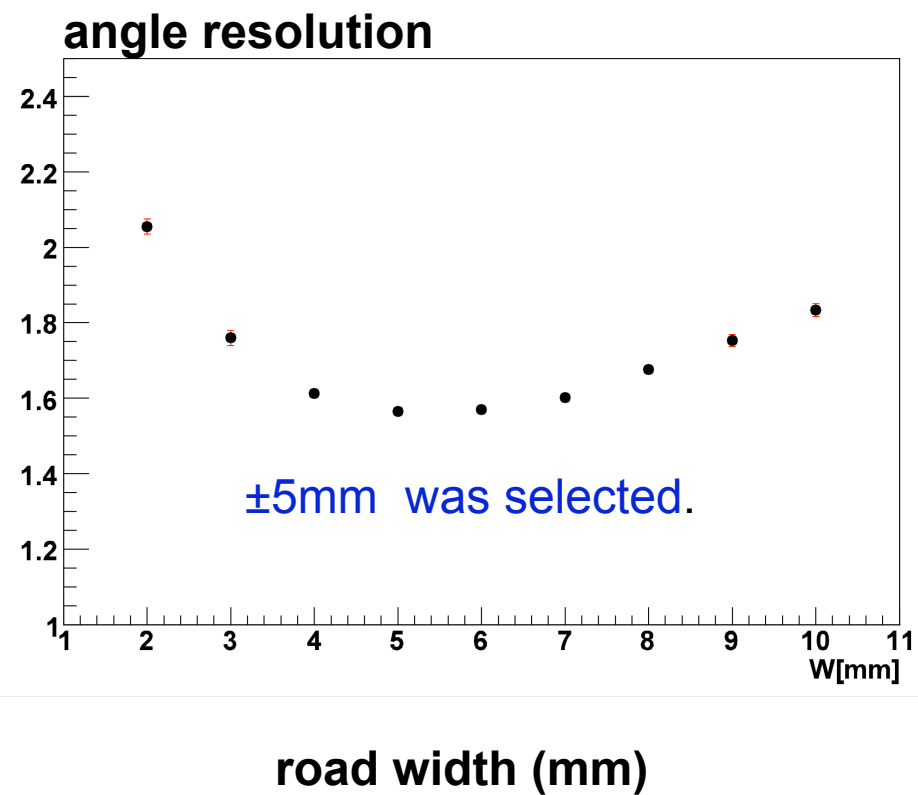
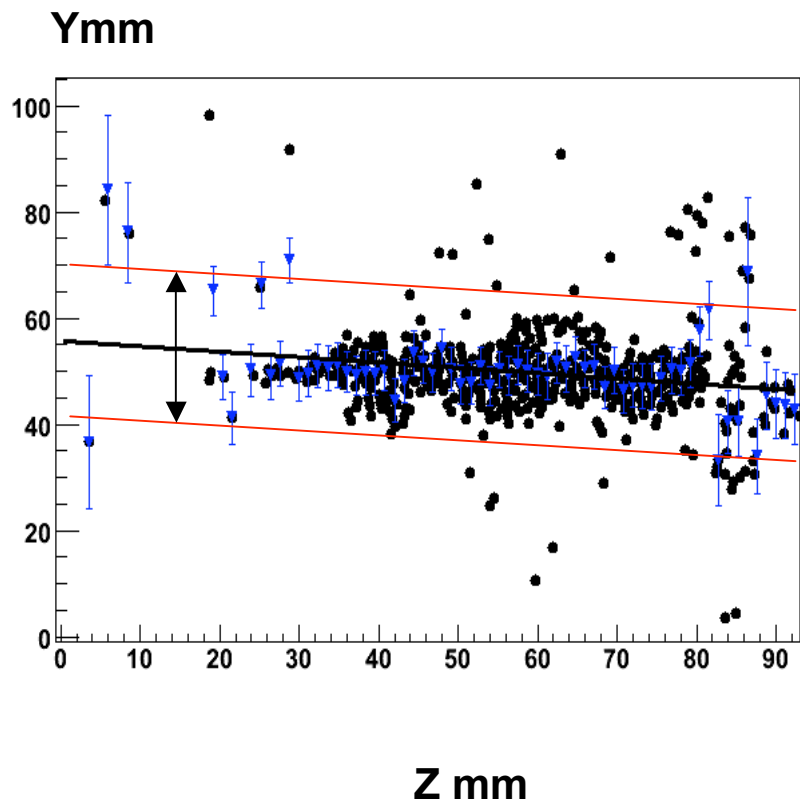

transform

Tracking method

- Take mean of hit points at each layer.
- Linear fit of all means.
- Remove hits outside of road.
- Find vertex.
- Linear fit inside the road.

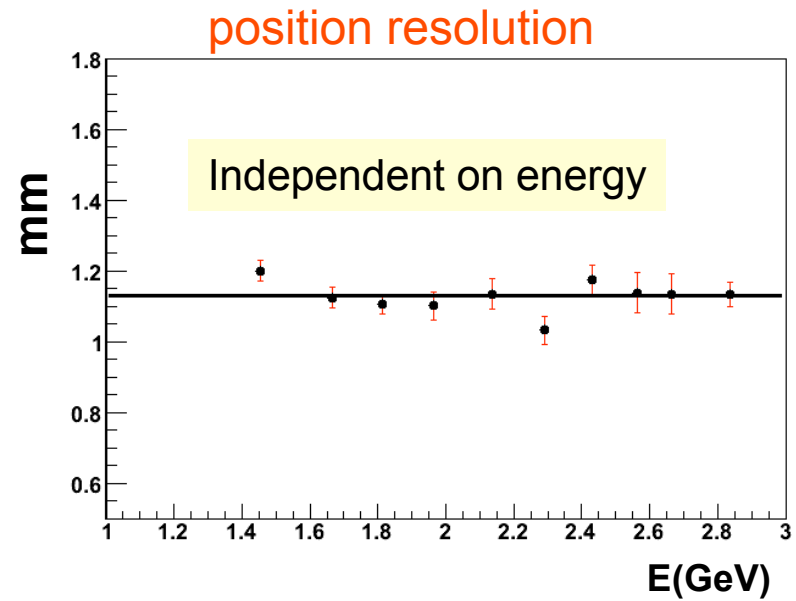
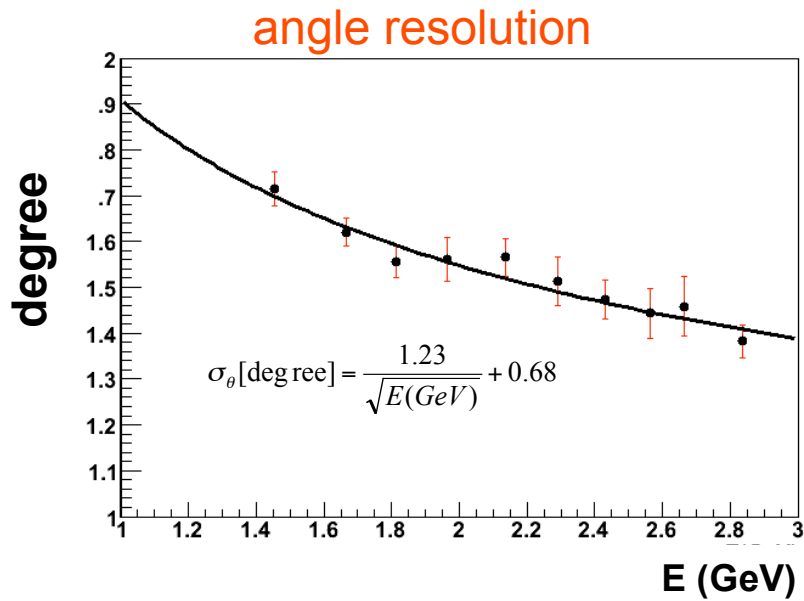


Remove noise by roading



Tracking Results

Energy dependence of resolutions



$\sigma_{m\pi^0} = 30 \text{ MeV}$

for $P_{\pi^0} = 2 \text{ GeV}$

Summary

- Prototype SPA-CAL was built.
- The detector was read with IIT+CCD(slow) and tested at Spring 8.
- Test beam result

$$\sigma_{\theta}(\text{deg ree}) = 1.23 / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})} + 0.68$$
$$\sigma_x(\text{mm}) = 1.2$$

→ $\sigma_{m\pi^0} = 30 \text{ MeV}$ for $P_{\pi^0} = 2 \text{ GeV}$

- Simulation result on **reduce odd pair background.**
Pre-shower($3.2X_0$) for CsI calorimeter

$$\sigma_E/E = 2\% \text{ at } 1 \text{ GeV}$$

two photons can be separated
if distance $> 20 \text{ mm}$ and $E_{\gamma} > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$.

reduce fusion background.

Silicon Photomultiplier for photo sensor(fast)

- **MPPC**(Multi-Pixel Photon Counter)
Geiger mode Avalanche Photo Diode
gain $\sim 1 \times 10^6$
QE $\sim 30\%$ (max at 400 nm)
active area 1 mm x 1mm (400 pixels)
pulse width ~ 10 ns
Can be use as fast device
for fiber readout .

